AM1
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UBL FUNDS

ANNUAL REPORT

June 2026

Conventional Funds



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors
Mr. Imran Sarwar (Chairperson)

Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer

Ms. Huma Pasha

Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan

Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi

Audit Committee
Ms. Huma Pasha (Chairperson)

Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer

Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi

Risk and Compliance Committee
Mr. Imran Sarwar (Chairperson)

Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi

Ms. Huma Pasha

Human Resource and Compensation Committee
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer (Chairperson)

Mr. Imran Sarwar

Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi

Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi

Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan

Shariah Advisory Board
Mufti Muhammad Hassaan Kaleem
Member

Mufti Muhammad Najeeb Khan
Member

Chief Financial Officer
Muhamamd Zuhair Abbas

Company Secretary
Mubeen Ashraf

Registered Office
4th Floor, STSM Building,
Beaumont Road, Civil Lines,
Karachi, Pakistan.

Head Office
4th Floor, STSM Building,
Beaumont Road, Civil Lines,
Karachi, Pakistan.
UAN: (92-21) 111-825-262
Fax: (92-21) 32214930

Date of incorporation of the Management Company / Pension Fund Manager
Incorporated in Pakistan on
April 3, 2001 as a Public Limited
Company under the Companies
Ordinance, 1984

Management Quality Rating
AM1 by VIS Credit Rating Company

Funds / Plans under Management
UBL Liquidity Plus Fund
Launch Date: June 21, 2009

UBL Government Securities Fund
Launch Date: July 27, 2011

UBL Money Market Fund
Launch Date: October 14, 2010

UBL Income Opportunity Fund
Launch Date: March 29, 2013

UBL Growth and Income Fund
Launch Date: March 2, 2006

UBL Asset Allocation Fund
Launch Date: August 20, 2013

UBL Stock Advantage Fund
Launch Date: August 4, 2006

Al-Ameen Islamic Sovereign Fund
Launch Date: November 7, 2010

Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund
Launch Date: October 20, 2007

Al-Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Plan-I
Launch Date: April 16, 2020

Al-Ameen Shariah Stock Fund
Launch Date: December 24, 2006

Al-Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund
Launch Date: December 10, 2013

UBL Cash Fund
Launch Date: September 23, 2019

Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Fund
Launch Date: September 17, 2012

Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Plan-I
Launch Date: May 29, 2020

UBL Liquidity Fund
Launch Date: September 05, 2025

UBL Pakistan Enterprise Exchange Traded Fund
Launch Date: March 24, 2020

UBL Financial Sector Fund
Launch Date: April 6, 2018

UBL Special Saving Fund
Launch Date: November 9, 2018

UBL Retirement Savings Fund
Launch Date: May 10, 2010

Al-Ameen Islamic Retirement Savings Fund
Launch Date: May 10, 2010

Al-Ameen Islamic Energy Fund
Launch Date: December 13, 2019

UBL Special Savings Fund II
Launch Date: February 10, 2020

UBL Fixed Return Fund
Launch Date: August 23, 2022

UBL Fixed Return Fund - II
Launch Date: February 14, 2023

UBL Fixed Return Fund - III
Launch Date: February 16, 2023

UBL Fixed Return Fund - IV
Launch Date: December 21, 2023

Al-Ameen Islamic Fixed Return Fund
Launch Date: May 30, 2023

Al-Ameen Islamic Income Fund
Launch Date: May 29, 2023

UBL Voluntary Pension Fund – KPK
Launch Date: December 14, 2023

Al-Ameen Islamic Voluntary Pension Fund – KPK
Launch Date: December 14, 2023

UBL Punjab Pension Fund
Launch Date: December 24, 2025

Al-Ameen Islamic Punjab Pension Fund
Launch Date: December 24, 2025

Conventional Investment Plans
UBL Mahana Munafa Plan

UBL Children Savings Plan

UBL Equity Builder Plan

UBL Wealth Builder Plan

Islamic Investment Plans
Al-Ameen Mahana Munafa Plan

Al-Ameen Children Savings Plan

Al-Ameen Equity Builder Plan

Al-Ameen Wealth Builder Plan

Al-Ameen Hajj Savings Plan

Directors' Report

The Board of Directors of UBL Fund Managers Limited is pleased to present the annual report of its UBL Liquidity Plus Fund (ULPF), UBL Cash Fund (UCF), UBL Liquidity Fund (ULF), UBL Money Market Fund (UMMF), UBL Government Securities Fund (UGSF), UBL Income Opportunity Fund (UIOF), UBL Growth and Income Fund (UGIF), UBL Stock Advantage Fund (USF), UBL Asset Al location Fund (UAAF), UBL Financial Sector Fund (UFSF), UBL Pakistan Enterprise Exchange Traded Fund (UBLP-ETF), UBL Special Savings Fund (USSF) [comprising UBL Special Savings Plan - V (USSP-V)], and UBL Special Savings Fund II (USSF II) [comprising UBL Special Savings Plan X (USSP-X)], UBL Fixed Return Fund (UFRF) [comprising UBL Fixed Return Plan-I-U (UFRP-I-U)] UBL Fixed Return Fund – II (UFRF-II) [comprising UBL Fixed Return Plan-II-M (UFRP-II-M), UBL Fixed Return Plan-II-AB (UFRP-II-AB), UBL Fixed Return Plan-II-U (UFRP-II-U), UBL Fixed Return Plan-II-Y (UFRP-II-Y), UBL Fixed Return Plan-II-Z (UFRP-II-Z)], UBL Fixed Return Fund – III (UFRF-III) [Comprising UBL Fixed Return Plan-III-S (UFRP-III-S), UBL Fixed Return Plan-III-X (UFRP-III-X), UBL Fixed Return Plan-III-Y (UFRP-III-Y) and UBL Fixed Return Plan-III-Z (UFRP-III-Z)], UBL Fixed Return Fund – IV (UFRF-IV) [Comprising UBL Fixed Return Plan-IV-G (UFRP-IV-G) , UBL Fixed Return Plan-IV-K (UFRP-IV-K) , UBL Fixed Return Plan-IV-M (UFRP-IV-M) , UBL Fixed Return Plan-IV-N (UFRP-IV-N) , UBL Fixed Return Plan-IV-O (UFRP-IV-O) and UBL Fixed Return Plan-IV-P (UFRP-IV-P)] for the Year Ended June 30, 2026.

Economic Outlook (FY26):

The country exhibited sustained resilience on the macro-economic front despite significant headwinds during FY26, with contained inflation, restrained current account deficit, strengthening foreign exchange reserves, stable exchange rate etc. Despite abysmal performance on the tax collection front, the country managed to achieve IMF's target of primary surplus for FY26. Headline inflation averaged at 7.0% in FY26, as compared to 4.5% in the preceding year. Amid ample food supply in the country, perishable food prices declined by 6.7% YoY which provided a much need cushion to inflation readings in a time when fuel prices increased substantially due to heightened geopolitical tensions. The monetary policy committee of the SBP increased the key policy rate by a cumulative 50bps during the year, with the only increase of the year of 100bps coming in the last quarter, in view of the potential macro-economic impacts of the geopolictical tensions.

On the external front, the current account balance reported a marginal deficit of USD 0.14bn against IMF's projection of a deficit of USD 1.96bn, thanks to the robust inflows of foreign worker's remittances of USD 41.6bn, inching up by 8.6% YoY. The healthy remittances helped partially offset the impact of 25.4% YoY increase in trade deficit to USD 33.6bn. The State Bank of Pakistan successfully achieved its year-end FX reserves target of USD 18.3bn despite the repayment of ~USD 3.4bn to the UAE in the last quarter of the year primarily against SAFE deposits and commercial loans. The resulting gap was largely offset by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia which increased its deposits with Pakistan by USD 3 billion.

On the fiscal front, provisional figures indicate that Pakistan comfortably met the IMF's targets for both the primary surplus and the fiscal deficit, recording 2.5% and 3.9% of GDP, respectively. The Federal Board of Revenue collected PKR 13.0 trillion during FY2025-26, marginally exceeding its revised target of PKR 12.9 trillion. It is noteworthy that the original budgeted target of PKR 14.1 trillion had been revised downward twice during the fiscal year, representing structural weaknesses in the tax machinery.

Real GDP growth (provisional figures) remained modest at ~3.7% in FY26, the highest since FY22 (6.2%) supported by recovery in crops production and large-scale manufacturing (LSM). The growth in LSM was led by positive contributions from Food, Wearing Apparel and the Automobile sectors. Meanwhile, the growth in crops is primarily attributed to improved output of wheat, rice and sugarcane.

During the year, Pakistan completed two reviews of the Extended Fund Facility (EFF) and Resilient and Sustainable Financing (RSF) with the IMF, unlocking total disbursements of USD 2.5bn. In addition, the government raised USD 750mn in the international capital market through a Eurobond, marking the first such issuance in four years. The issuance was initially planned at USD 500mn which was subsequently increased to USD 750mn, due to stronger than expected investors demand, reflecting improving investor confidence and Pakistan's enhanced creditworthiness.

Debt Market Review

During FY26, the debt market remained volatile, reflecting changing monetary policy expectations and evolving macroeconomic conditions. The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) maintained the policy rate during the first five months of the fiscal year, resulting in relatively stable secondary market yields. Following the 50-bps policy rate cut in December 2025, market participants anticipated a continued easing cycle, leading to a decline in yields.

However, the SBP kept the policy rate unchanged in January, dampening the expectations of further rate cuts. Subsequently, escalating geopolitical tensions and rising inflationary concerns shifted market sentiment toward the possibility of monetary tightening. This outlook materialized when the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) pre-emptively increased the policy rate by 100 basis points in response to heightened regional tensions, prompting yields to rise across the yield curve.

Currently, the market has largely stabilized, with the prevailing expectation that the policy rate will remain unchanged in the near term. As a result, yields are expected to remain broadly range-bound, barring any significant shifts in the inflation or monetary policy outlook arising from geopolitical developments.

Demand for Treasury bills (T-bills) remained strong throughout the year, with total bids in T-bill auctions amounting to PKR 56.7 trillion. During the period, the government raised PKR 23.63 trillion, including non-competitive bids. The majority of investor demand was concentrated in the 1-month tenor, which accounted for 39.5% of total participation. The 3-month, 6-month, and 12-month tenors represented 23.0%, 11.2%, and 26.3% of total bids, respectively.

Participation in fixed-rate Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) remained steady during the year, with total bids amounting to PKR 19.082 trillion. Investor demand in the first half of the period was supported by expectations of declining interest rates, while geopolitical developments later in the year prompted investors to seek higher yields.

The government accepted PKR 4.464 trillion (realized value), including non-competitive bids, broadly in line with its target of PKR 4.550 trillion. Of the total realized amount, PKR 450 billion was raised through 2-year zero-coupon PIBs, PKR 905 billion through 3-year bonds, PKR 1.384 trillion through 5-year papers, PKR 1.374 trillion through 10-year bonds, and PKR 351 billion through 15-year zero-coupon PIBs.

Demand for floating-rate Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) remained strong during the year, despite issuance being limited to the 10-year tenor. Total bids received amounted to PKR 17.01 trillion,

significantly exceeding the government's target of PKR 2.5 trillion. However, the government accepted bids worth PKR 1.959 trillion during the period, in line with its borrowing requirements and issuance strategy.

Investor demand for fixed-rate Ijara Sukuk remained firm during the year, with total bids received amounting to PKR 5.8 trillion. The government raised PKR 2.43 trillion, compared with its target of PKR 2.92 trillion. Of the total amount raised, PKR 456 billion was accepted through 3-year Sukuk, PKR 615 billion through 5-year Sukuk, PKR 453 billion through 10-year Sukuk, and PKR 913 billion through 1-year discounted Sukuk.

In contrast, demand for floating-rate Ijara Sukuk was comparatively lower and remained heavily concentrated in the 10-year tenor, which accounted for 95% of total bids. Total bids for floating-rate Sukuk amounted to PKR 5.10 trillion, of which the government accepted PKR 1.071 trillion, slightly below its target of PKR 1.125 trillion. All bids received for the 5-year tenor were rejected, and issuance of this tenor was discontinued in November.

Yield Curve comparison is given below:

Tenors	PKRV as at 30th June 2026	PKRV as at 30th June 2025	Change (FY26)
3 Months	11.60	11.01	0.59
6 Months	11.63	10.89	0.74
1 Year	11.60	10.85	0.75
3 years	11.69	11.15	0.54
5 Years	11.80	11.40	0.40
10 Years	12.19	12.30	-0.11

Stock Market Review

FY2025–26 proved to be another exceptional year for the Pakistan equity market, with the benchmark KSE-100 Index delivering an impressive return of 44% to close at 180,302. The local bourse outperformed all major asset classes and has generated a remarkable compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 63% over the past three years. The positive performance remained mainly concentrated in Commercial Banks, Fertilizers & Energy chain companies (Exploration, Oil and Gas Marketing and Power), which contributed 21,612pts, 7,748pts and 6,151pts, respectively. Majority of the performance however, came in the first half of FY26 whereas, the second half of the year was marked by heightened volatility on the back of the geopolitical tensions which weighed on investors' sentiments.

Future Outlook

Looking ahead, inflation is expected to average around 8.0-8.5% in FY27, slightly above SBP's medium term target of 5-7%. The longevity of the geopolitical tensions and subsequent impact on energy and food prices remain key risk to inflation trajectory and stance of the monetary policy committee, going forward. Steady flow of remittances would be pivotal to counter rising import pressure emanating from phased

reduction in import tariffs, in line with the agreement with the IMF. The SBP expects remittances to clock-in at USD 44bn (+6.0% YoY) in FY27.

On the fiscal front, the government has set a tax collection target of PKR 15.2 trillion for the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) for FY27, which appears challenging to achieve given the relief measures introduced in the Federal Budget FY27. The performance of the tax authority would be the focal point in the forthcoming reviews with the IMF. On the capital market's side, inflation outlook, monetary policy and internal politics would direct investors' sentiment. The much-awaited resolution of the gas circular debt, steady growth in economic activity and decline in interest rates and commodity prices, remain key positive triggers for the equity market.

`FUNDS' PERFORMANCE AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

1) UBL LIQUIDITY PLUS FUND (ULPF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 1,618.757 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, Government Securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 181.520 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 1,437.236 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 3,872.833 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 101.5768 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 299.165 million to the unit holders during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AA+(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

2) UBL LIQUIDITY FUND (ULF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 3,864.333 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, Government Securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 184.312 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 3,680.021 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 11,384.799 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 101.0660 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 273.146 million to the unit holders during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AA+(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

3) UBL CASH FUND (UCF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 1,551.449 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, term deposit receipts, Government Securities and. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 107.150 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR

1,444.299 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 60,991.055 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.6956 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 398.563 million to the unit holders during the year.

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned and maintained the AAA+(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

4) UBL MONEY MARKET FUND (UMMF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 5,553.634 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, placements and Government Securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 644.061 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 4,909.573 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 55,583.172 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 101.4107 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 1,143.489 million to the unit holders during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AAA+(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

5) UBL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES FUND (UGSF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 1,298.587 million for the year ended June 30, 2026 which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, placements and Government Securities. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 158.551 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 1,140.036 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 3,692.082 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 106.9154 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 280.079 million to the unit holders during the year. VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AA(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

6) UBL INCOME OPPORTUNITY FUND (UIOF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 833.518 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, placements, government securities and corporate bonds / sukuks. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 51.895 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 781.623 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 2,891.788 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 111.2459 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 179.260 million during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the AA-(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

7) UBL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND (UGIF)

The Fund earned total income of PKR 535.523 million for the year ended June 30, 2026, which mainly includes markup / interest income on bank balances, placements, government securities, corporate bonds / sukuks and investment in margin trading system. After accounting for the expenses of PKR 88.816 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 451.330 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 5,138.087 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 86.0685 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 90.027 million during the year.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the A+(f) rating of the Fund during the year.

8) UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND (USF)

The Fund earned a total Income of PKR 7,968.408 million for the year ended 30 June 2026, which mainly includes income from bank balances and dividends. After accounting for expenses of PKR 1,239.353 million, the net income of the Fund amounted to Rs. 7,968.403 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 39,187.663 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 265.0068 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 2,378.745 million during the year.

9) UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND (UAAF)

The Fund earned a total income of PKR 705.801 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund mainly include income from Government Securities, bank balances, Corporate TFC's, Term Deposits Receipts, dividend income. After accounting for expenses of PKR 89.464 million, the net income of the Fund amounted to Rs. 616.337 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 3,702.206 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 315.6007 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 421.536 million during year.

10) UBL FINANCIAL SECTOR FUND - (UFSF)

The Fund earned a net Income of PKR 1,739.343 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent income from bank balances and dividends. After accounting for expenses of PKR 247.379 million, the net income of the Fund amounted to Rs. 1,491.964 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 7,965.457 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 314.8814 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 1,094.159 million to the unit holders during the year.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distribution of PKR 1,094.159 million to the unit holders during the year.

11) UBL PAKISTAN ENTERPRISE EXCHANGE TRADED FUND (UBLP-ETF)

The Fund earned a total income of PKR 17.461 million for the year ended 30 June, 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent income from bank balances and dividends. After accounting for expenses of PKR 3.804 million, the net income of the Fund amounted to Rs. 13.657 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 516.802 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 29.1978 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 228.526 million to the unit holders during the year.

12) UBL SPECIAL SAVINGS FUND (USSF)

USSF consists of the following plan:

a) UBL SPECIAL SAVINGS PLAN - V (USSP – V)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 45.509 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 7.307 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 38.202 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 28.865 million to the unit holders during the year.

UBL SPECIAL SAVINGS FUND II (USSF II)

USSF-II consists of the following plans:

a) UBL SPECIAL SAVINGS PLAN - X (USSP – X)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 110.433 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 19.168 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 91.265 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 928.791 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 102.4950 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 79.460 million to the unit holders during the year.

13) UBL FIXED RETURN FUND (UFRF)

a) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-1-U (UFRP-1-U)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 1.547 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.039 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 1.508 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

14) UBL Fixed Return Fund – II (UFRF-II)

UFRF-II consists of the following plans:

a) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-II-M (UFRP-II-M)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 262.091 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 7.115 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 254.976 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 2,358.070 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.6503 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 242.247 million to the unit holders during the year.

b) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-II-U (UFRP-II-U)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 98.506 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 3.298 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 95.208 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

a) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-II-Y (UFRP-II-Y)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 89.278 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 2.373 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 86.905 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

a) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-II-M (UFRP-II-Z)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 14.686 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.426 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 14.260 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

b) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-II-AB (UFRP-II-AB)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 812.955 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 36.149 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 776.806 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 5.497 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.5997 per unit

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.642 million to the unit holders during the year.

15) UBL Fixed Return Fund – III (UFRF-III)

UFRF-III consists of the following plans:

a) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-III-S (UFRP-III-S)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 49.674 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 1.162 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 48.512

million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

b) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-III-X (UFRP-III-X)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 16.693 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.532 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 16.161 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

c) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-III-Y (UFRP-III-Y)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 139.760 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 6.458 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 133.302 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.207 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.9565 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 9.793 million to the unit holders during the year.

d) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-III-Z (UFRP-III-Z)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 165.719 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 4.683 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 161.035 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 1,114.581 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 100.3623 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 94.815 million to the unit holders during the year.

16) UBL Fixed Return Fund – IV (UFRF-IV)

UFRF-IV consists of the following plans:

a) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-IV-G (UFRP-IV-G)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 5.230 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.582 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 4.644 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

b) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-IV-K (UFRP-IV-K)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 176.900 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 15.663 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 161.237 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 183.839 million to the unit holders during the year.

c) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-IV-M (UFRP-IV-M)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 53.988 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 2.654 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 51.334 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

d) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-IV-N (UFRP-IV-N)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 2.311 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.084 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 2.227 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 7.363 million to the unit holders during the year.

e) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-IV-O (UFRP-IV-O)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 1.214 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.471 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 0.743 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

f) UBL FIXED RETURN PLAN-IV-P (UFRP-IV-P)

The Plan earned a total income of PKR 0.131 million for the year ended 30 June 2026. The earnings of the Fund represent markup / interest income on bank balances and Government Securities. After accounting for expenses of PKR 0.008 million, the Fund managed to earn a net income of PKR 0.122 million. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 0.00 million as at June 30, 2026 representing the net asset value of PKR 0.00 per unit.

The Chief Executive under the authority granted by the Board of Directors approved interim distributions of PKR 0.00 million to the unit holders during the year.

STRATEGY, REVIEW AND OUTLOOK OF FUNDS

For Strategy, Review and Outlook of funds, please refer the respective section of the Fund Manager's Report for the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Management Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance and the Board of Directors is accountable to the stakeholders for good corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors.

A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance.

The Board has an approved Director Remuneration Policy for remuneration of independent (non-executive) directors. The main objective of the policy is to define the principles to attract and retain high-caliber, experienced Independent directors (Non-Executive) by offering market competitive fee levels as required by the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019. The Independent Directors are entitled to a fee for attending Board meetings and Board Committee meetings as per Directors remuneration policy.

Risk framework and Internal Control System

The Management Company has in place an approved Risk Management Policy that provides the framework to manage risks associated with its activities. It is designed to identify, assess, monitor and manage risk emanating from across the entity.
The Management Company follows Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) which is a process, ongoing and flowing through an entity effected by people at every level of an organization applied in strategy setting applied across the enterprise, at every level and unit, and includes taking an entity-level portfolio view of risk designed to identify potential events that, if they occur, will affect the entity and to manage risk within its risk appetite.

The following specific statements are being given to comply with the best practices of corporate governance:

- Financial Statements of Funds present fairly the statement of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and the changes in unit holder's fund;

- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Funds;

- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments;

- Relevant International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provision of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the Trust Deed and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of the financial statements;

- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored;
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019;

- Performance table of Funds and pattern of unit holding is given in the Annual report;

- The statement as to the value of investments of provident fund is not applicable on the Funds but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure is made in the Directors' Report of the Funds;

- Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements

UBL Fund Managers Limited has total six directors:

a) Male: Five Directors
b) Female: One Director

The composition of Board is as follows:

Category	Name
Independent Directors	Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer
	Ms. Huma Pasha
Executive Directors	Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi (CEO)
Non-Executive Directors*	Mr. Imran Sarwar (Chairman)
	Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi
	Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan
Female Director	Ms. Huma Pasha

*Mr. Muhammad Rizwan Malik resigned from the position of Director on June 29, 2026.

The UBL Fund Managers Board's primary responsibility is to supervise affairs of the Company and provide direction to its management. The management is responsible to keep the Board informed regarding Company affairs and effectively implement directions and guidelines given by the BOD.

The Board, in exercise of effective governance and internal control system, strives to balance the spectrum of stakeholders of the Company, including its shareholders, unit holders, customers, employees, regulator and the communities in which it operates. In all actions taken by the Board, the Directors exercise independent business judgment in what they reasonably believe to be in the best interests of the Company.

According to best corporate governance practices, the Board of directors of UBL Fund Managers Limited has established several Board Committees to augment Risk Management, Internal Control system and good corporate governance throughout the entity. These Board Committees facilitate the Board and the Management on issues related to their particular area of competence.

The Board has the following committees:

Board Audit Committee (BAC)

Name	Designation	Type of Directorship
Ms. Huma Pasha	Chair	Independent Director
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	Member	Non-Executive Director

Board Human Resource Remuneration Committee (sRC)

Name	Designation	Type of Directorship
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Imran Sarwar	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	Member	Executive Director

Board Risk and Compliance Committee (BRCC)

Name	Designation	Type of Directorship
Mr. Imran Sarwar	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
Ms. Huma Pasha	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	Member	Executive Director / CEO

Meetings of the Board of Directors (BOD)

During the year ended June 30, 2026, five (5) meetings of the Board of Directors of the Management Company were held. The details of the attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	Dates				
		22-Aug-25	20-Oct-25	14-Jan-26	18-Feb-26	17-Apr-26
Mr. Imran Sarwar	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ms. Huma Pasha	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Rizwan Malik[1]	2	×	✓	✓	×	×
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

[1] Resigned on June 29, 2026

Meetings of the Board Audit Committee (BAC)

During the year ended June 30, 2026, four (4) BAC meetings were held. The details of attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	Dates			
		16-Apr-26	17-Feb-26	20-Oct-25	19-Aug-25
Ms. Huma Pasha	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Muhammad Rizwan[1]	1	×	×	✓	×

[1] Resigned on June 29, 2026

Meetings of the Board Human Resource Remuneration Committee (BHRRC)

During the year ended June 30, 2026, two (2) BHRCC meeting were held. The details of attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	17-Feb-26	19-Aug -25
Mr. Imran Sarwar	2	✓	✓
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer (online)	2	✓	✓
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	2	✓	✓
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	2	✓	✓
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	2	✓	✓

Meetings of the Board Risk and Compliance Committee (BRCC)

During the year ended June 30, 2026 four (4) BRCC meetings held. The details of attendance are as under:

Name of Director	Meetings attended	Dates			
		19-Aug-25	20-Oct-25	18-Feb-26	17-Apr-26
Mr. Imran Sarwar	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ms. Huma Pasha	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Muhammad Rizwan[1]	1	×	✓	×	×
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	4	✓	✓	✓	✓

[1] Resigned on June 29, 2026

Directors' Training

During the year none of the directors have obtained training in any SECP approved Directors' Training program however, the Management Company is planning to arrange the training for two (2) directors over the next year.

Auditors

The present auditors as per table below retire on conclusion of the audit for the year ended June 30, 2026:

Sr. No.	Fund Name	Current Auditors	Status of appointment for the year ending June 30, 2026
1	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
2	UBL Liquidity Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
3	UBL Cash Fund	M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
4	UBL Money Market Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
5	UBL Government Securities Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
6	UBL Income Opportunity Fund	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
7	UBL Growth and Income Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
8	UBL Stock Advantage Fund	M/s Yousuf Adil & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
9	UBL Asset Allocation Fund	M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
10	UBL Financial Sector Fund	M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment

11	UBL Pakistan Enterprise Exchange Traded Fund	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
12	UBL Special Savings Fund II	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
13	UBL Fixed Return Fund-II	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment
14	UBL Fixed Return Fund-III	M/s BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants	Eligible for re-appointment

The existing auditors, being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment. Accordingly, the Audit Committee of the Board has recommended the reappointment of the current auditors and the appointment of new auditors, where applicable, as external auditors for the financial year ending June 30, 2027.

Board Oversight of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Matters

The Board remains committed to ensuring sustainable business practices and long-term value creation for all stakeholders. Sustainability considerations are integrated into the Company's governance, strategy, and risk management framework. The Board oversees sustainability-related risks, including environmental, social, and governance factors, which may impact the Company's operations and performance. These risks are regularly identified, assessed, and monitored, and are managed through a robust system of internal controls, compliance mechanisms, and ongoing oversight to ensure effective mitigation and alignment with applicable regulatory requirements and evolving best practices.

The Company is also committed to promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion across all levels of the organization. The Board comprises individuals with diverse experience and expertise, including appropriate gender representation, which enhances governance and decision-making. The Company continues to foster an inclusive workplace through equal opportunity, fair treatment, and transparent human resource practices. The Board remains focused on continuously strengthening sustainability initiatives and DE&I measures in line with regulatory expectations and emerging standards.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank our valued unit holders for their confidence and trust in UBL Fund Managers Limited. In addition, we would like to acknowledge the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, State Bank of Pakistan, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (Trustee), and Shariah Advisory Board for their continued support, guidance and cooperation. The Board would also like to take this opportunity to express its appreciation to the employees for their dedication, commitment, enthusiasm and hard work.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF UBL FUND MANAGERS LIMITED

-SD-	**-SD-**
_____	**_____**
Imran Sarwar	**Asif Ali Qureshi**
Chairman	**Chief Executive Officer**

Karachi
Dated: August 20, 2026

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

یو بی ایل فنڈ مینیجرز لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز آپ کی خدمت میں بصد مسرت 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے اپنے زیر انتظام یو بی ایل لیکویڈیٹی پلس فنڈ (ULPF)، یو بی ایل کیش فنڈ (UCF)، یو بی ایل لیکویڈیٹی فنڈ (ULF)، یو بی ایل منی مارکیٹ فنڈ (UMMF)، یو بی ایل گورنمنٹ سکیورٹیز فنڈ (UGSF)، یو بی ایل انکم اپر چونٹی فنڈ (UIOF)، یو بی ایل گروتھ اینڈ انکم فنڈ (UGIF)، یو بی ایل اسٹاک ایڈوانٹیج فنڈ (USF)، یو بی ایل ایسیٹ الوکیشن فنڈ (UAAF)، یو بی ایل فنانشل سیکٹر فنڈ (UFSF)، یو بی ایل پاکستان انٹر پرائز ایکسچینج ٹریڈڈ فنڈ (UBLP-ETF)، یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز فنڈ (USSF)، [برمشتمل یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز پلان-V (USSP-V)] اور یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز فنڈ II (USSF II) [برمشتمل یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز پلان X (USSP-X)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ (UFRF) [برمشتمل یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-I-U (UFRP-I-U)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ-II (UFRF-II) [برمشتمل یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان II-M (UFRP-II-M)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان II-AB (UFRP-II-AB)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان II-U (UFRP-II-U)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان II-Y (UFRP-II-Y)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان II-Z (UFRP-II-Z)]، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ III (UFRF-III) [برمشتمل یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان III-S (UFRP-III-S)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان III-X (UFRP-III-X)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان III-Y (UFRP-III-Y) اور یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان III-Z (UFRP-III-Z)]، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ IV (UFRF-IV) [برمشتمل یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان IV-G (UFRP-IV-G)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان IV-K (UFRP-IV-K)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان IV-M (UFRP-IV-M)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان IV-N (UFRP-IV-N)، یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان IV-O (UFRP-IV-O) اور یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان IV-P (UFRP-IV-P)] کی سالانہ رپورٹ پیش کر رہے ہیں۔

معاشی منظر نامہ (مالی سال 26):

مالی سال 26 کے دوران نمایاں مشکلات کے باوجود ملک نے مجموعی معاشی محاذ پر مسلسل لچک کا مظاہرہ کیا، جس میں افراطِ زر کو قابو میں رکھنا، کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے کو محدود رکھنا، زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں بہتری اور شرحِ مبادلہ کا مستحکم رہنا شامل ہے۔ ٹیکس وصولیوں کے محاذ پر انتہائی ناقص کارکردگی کے باوجود ملک مالی سال 26 کے لیے آئی ایم ایف کا بنیادی بجٹ سرپلس کا ہدف حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ مالی سال 26 میں مجموعی افراطِ زر کی اوسط شرح 7.0 فیصد رہی، جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ شرح 4.5 فیصد تھی۔ ملک میں اشیائے خورد و نوش کی وافر فراہمی کے باعث جلد خراب ہونے والی غذائی اشیاء کی قیمتوں میں سال بہ سال 6.7 فیصد کمی ہوئی، جس سے افراطِ زر کی شرح پر فی الوقت ضروری سہارا ملا جب جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی میں اضافے کے باعث ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی نے سال کے دوران کلیدی پالیسی ریٹ میں مجموعی طور پر 50 بیسس پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کیا، جبکہ جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی کے ممکنہ معاشی اثرات کے پیشِ نظر سال کا واحد 100 بیسس پوائنٹس کا اضافہ آخری سہ ماہی میں کیا گیا۔

بیرونی محاذ پر کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ بیلنس میں معمولی 0.14 بلین امریکی ڈالر کا خسارہ ریکارڈ کیا گیا، جبکہ آئی ایم ایف نے 1.96 بلین امریکی ڈالر کے خسارے کی پیش گوئی کی تھی۔ اس کی بڑی وجہ بیرونِ ملک مقیم پاکستانی کارکنوں کی ترسیلاتِ زر کی مضبوط آمد تھی، جو سال بہ سال 8.6 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 41.6 بلین امریکی ڈالر تک پہنچ گئی۔ ترسیلاتِ زر میں اس نمایاں اضافے نے تجارتی خسارہ میں سال بہ سال 25.4 فیصد اضافے کے اثرات کو جزوی طور پر زائل کیا، جس کے نتیجے میں تجارتی خسارہ 33.6 ٹریلین امریکی ڈالر رہا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے سال کے اختتام پر 18.3 ٹریلین امریکی ڈالر کے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر کا ہدف کامیابی سے حاصل کر لیا، حالانکہ سال کی آخری سہ ماہی میں متحدہ عرب امارات کو تقریباً 3.4 بلین امریکی ڈالر کی ادائیگی کی گئی، جو بنیادی طور پر سیف ڈیپازٹس اور کمرشل قرضوں کے عوض تھی۔ اس کے نتیجے میں پیدا ہونے والے خلا کو بڑی حد تک سعودی عرب نے پورا کیا، جس نے پاکستان میں اپنے ڈیپازٹس میں 3 بلین امریکی ڈالر کا اضافہ کیا۔

مالیاتی محاذ پر عبوری اعداد و شمار سے ظاہر ہوتا ہے کہ پاکستان نے بنیادی بجٹ سرپلس اور مالیاتی خسارہ، دونوں کے حوالے سے آئی ایم ایف کے اہداف با آسانی حاصل کر لیے، جو بالترتیب جی ڈی پی کے 2.5 فیصد اور 3.9 فیصد ریکارڈ کیے گئے۔ فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو نے مالی سال 26-2025 کے دوران 13.0 ٹریلین روپے ٹیکس وصول کیے، جو اس کے نظر ثانی شدہ 12.9 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف سے معمولی طور پر زیادہ تھے۔ یہ امر قابلِ ذکر ہے کہ اصل بجٹ میں مقرر کردہ 14.1 ٹریلین روپے کا ہدف مالی سال کے دوران دو مرتبہ کم کیا گیا، جو ٹیکس وصولی کے نظام میں موجود ساختی کمزوریوں کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔

حقیقی جی ڈی پی کی شرحِ نمو (عبوری اعداد و شمار کے مطابق) مالی سال 26 میں تقریباً 3.7 فیصد رہی، جو مالی سال 22 کے بعد سب سے زیادہ شرحِ نمو ہے، جب یہ 6.2 فیصد رہی تھی۔ اس بہتری کو فصلوں کی پیداوار اور بڑی سطح کی صنعتی پیداوار (LSM) میں بحالی سے تقویت ملی۔ بڑی سطح کی صنعتی پیداوار میں نمو کا نمایاں حصہ غذائی اشیاء، ملبوسات اور آٹو موبائل کے شعبوں نے ڈالا۔ دریں اثنا، فصلوں کی پیداوار میں اضافہ بنیادی طور پر گندم، چاول اور گنے کی بہتر پیداوار سے منسوب کیا جاتا ہے۔

سال کے دوران پاکستان نے آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ ایکسٹینڈڈ فنڈ فسیلٹی (EFF) اور ریزیلینٹ اینڈ سسٹین ایبل فنانسنگ (RSF) کے تحت دو جائزے مکمل کیے، جس کے نتیجے میں مجموعی طور پر 2.5 بلین امریکی ڈالر کی رقوم جاری ہوئیں۔ علاوہ ازیں، حکومت نے بین الاقوامی کیپٹل مارکیٹ میں یورو بانڈ کے ذریعے 750 ملین امریکی ڈالر حاصل کیے، جو چار سال کے عرصے میں اس نوعیت کا پہلا اجراء تھا۔ اس بانڈ کا اجراء ابتدائی طور پر 500 ملین امریکی ڈالر کا منصوبہ تھا، تاہم سرمایہ کاروں کی توقع سے زیادہ مضبوط طلب کے باعث اسے بڑھا کر 750 ملین امریکی ڈالر کر دیا گیا۔ یہ صورتحال سرمایہ کاروں کے اعتماد میں بہتری اور پاکستان کی بہتر ہوتی ہوئی قرضہ جاتی ساکھ کی عکاسی کرتی ہے۔

ڈیٹ مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

مالی سال 26 کے دوران ڈیٹ مارکیٹ اتار چڑھاؤ کا شکار رہی، جو بدلتی ہوئی مانیٹری پالیسی کی توقعات اور ارتقا پذیر معاشی حالات کی عکاسی کرتی ہے۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) نے مالی سال کے پہلے پانچ ماہ کے دوران پالیسی ریٹ برقرار رکھا، جس کے نتیجے میں ثانوی مارکیٹ میں منافع کی شرحیں نسبتاً مستحکم رہیں۔ دسمبر 2025 میں پالیسی ریٹ میں 50 بیسس پوائنٹس کی کمی کے بعد مارکیٹ کے شرکاء نے شرحِ سود میں مزید کمی کے سلسلے کے جاری رہنے کی توقع کی، جس کے باعث منافع کی شرحوں میں کمی واقع ہوئی۔

تاہم، اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے جنوری میں پالیسی ریٹ برقرار رکھا، جس سے مزید شرحِ سود میں کمی کی توقعات متاثر ہوئیں۔ بعدازاں، جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی میں اضافے اور افراطِ زر سے متعلق بڑھتے ہوئے خدشات نے مارکیٹ کے رجحان کو مانیٹری پالیسی میں سختی کے امکان کی جانب موڑ دیا۔ یہ توقع اس وقت حقیقت کا روپ دھار گئی جب اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) نے خطے میں بڑھتی ہوئی کشیدگی کے ردِعمل میں پیشگی طور پر پالیسی ریٹ میں 100 بیسس پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کر دیا، جس کے نتیجے میں پوری یِیلڈ کرو میں منافع کی شرحیں بڑھ گئیں۔

فی الوقت مارکیٹ بڑی حد تک مستحکم ہو چکی ہے، جبکہ عمومی توقع یہ ہے کہ قلیل مدت میں پالیسی ریٹ میں کوئی تبدیلی نہیں ہوگی۔ چنانچہ توقع ہے کہ منافع کی شرحیں مجموعی طور پر ایک محدود دائرے میں رہیں گی، بشرطیکہ جغرافیائی سیاسی پیش رفت کے نتیجے میں افراطِ زر یا مانیٹری پالیسی کے منظر نامہ میں کوئی نمایاں تبدیلی رونما نہ ہو۔

ٹریژری بلز (T-Bills) کی طلب پورے سال مضبوط رہی، اور ٹی بلز کی نیلامیوں میں موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 56.7 ٹریلین روپے رہی۔ اس عرصے کے دوران حکومت نے غیر مسابقتی بولیوں سمیت 23.63 ٹریلین روپے حاصل کیے۔ سرمایہ کاروں کی طلب کا بڑا حصہ 1 ماہ کی مدت کے ٹی بلز میں مرکوز رہا، جس نے مجموعی شرکت میں 39.5 فیصد حصہ لیا۔ 3 ماہ، 6 ماہ اور 12 ماہ کی مدت کے ٹی بلز نے بالترتیب مجموعی بولیوں میں 23.0 فیصد، 11.2 فیصد اور 26.3 فیصد حصہ حاصل کیا۔

مقررہ شرحِ منافع والے پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز (PIBs) میں سرمایہ کاروں کی شرکت سال کے دوران مستحکم رہی، اور موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 19.082 ٹریلین روپے رہی۔ مدت کی پہلی ششماہی میں سرمایہ کاروں کی طلب کو شرحِ سود میں کمی کی توقعات سے تقویت ملی، جبکہ سال کے بعد کے عرصہ میں جغرافیائی سیاسی پیش رفت نے سرمایہ کاروں کو زیادہ منافع کی شرحوں کی تلاش پر آمادہ کیا۔

حکومت نے غیر مسابقتی بولیوں سمیت 4.464 ٹریلین روپے (حقیقی وصولی کی مالیت) قبول کیے، جو اس کے 4.550 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف کے تقریباً مطابق تھے۔ مجموعی طور پر حاصل کردہ رقم میں سے 450 بلین روپے 2 سالہ زیرو کوپن پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز کے ذریعے، 905 بلین روپے 3 سالہ بانڈز کے ذریعے، 1.384 ٹریلین روپے 5 سالہ سیکیورٹیز کے ذریعے، 1.374 ٹریلین روپے 10 سالہ بانڈز کے ذریعے، جبکہ 351 بلین روپے 15 سالہ زیرو کوپن پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز کے ذریعے حاصل کیے گئے۔

فلوٹنگ ریٹ پاکستان انویسٹمنٹ بانڈز (PIBs) کی طلب بھی سال کے دوران مضبوط رہی، اگرچہ ان کا اجراء صرف 10 سالہ مدت تک محدود رہا۔ موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 17.01 ٹریلین روپے رہی، جو حکومت کے 2.5 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف سے نمایاں طور پر زیادہ تھی۔ تاہم، حکومت نے اپنی قرض لینے کی ضروریات اور اجراء کی حکمتِ عملی کے مطابق اس عرصے کے دوران 1.959 ٹریلین روپے مالیت کی بولیاں قبول کیں۔

فکسڈ ریٹ اجارہ سکوک میں سرمایہ کاروں کی طلب سال کے دوران مضبوط رہی، اور موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 5.8 ٹریلین روپے رہی۔ حکومت نے 2.43 ٹریلین روپے حاصل کیے، جبکہ اس کا ہدف 2.92 ٹریلین روپے تھا۔ حاصل کردہ مجموعی رقم میں سے 456 بلین روپے 3 سالہ سکوک کے ذریعے، 615 بلین روپے 5 سالہ سکوک کے ذریعے، 453 بلین روپے 10 سالہ سکوک کے ذریعے، جبکہ 913 بلین روپے 1 سالہ ڈسکاؤنٹڈ سکوک کے ذریعے قبول کیے گئے۔

اس کے برعکس، فلوٹنگ ریٹ اجارہ سکوک کی طلب نسبتاً کم رہی اور یہ زیادہ تر 10 سالہ مدت تک محدود رہی، جس نے مجموعی بولیوں میں 95 فیصد حصہ لیا۔ فلوٹنگ ریٹ سکوک کے لیے موصول ہونے والی مجموعی بولیوں کی مالیت 5.10 ٹریلین روپے رہی، جس میں سے حکومت نے 1.071 ٹریلین روپے کی بولیاں قبول کیں، جو اس کے 1.125 ٹریلین روپے کے ہدف سے معمولی کم تھیں۔ 5 سالہ مدت کے لیے موصول ہونے والی تمام بولیاں مسترد کر دی گئیں، جبکہ نومبر میں اس مدت کے سکوک کا اجراء بھی بند کر دیا گیا۔

تقابلی شرحِ منافع کا خط حسبِ ذیل دیا گیا ہے:

مدتیں	30جون2026 PKRV	30جون2025 PKRV	تبدیلی (FY26)
3ماہ	11.60	11.01	0.59
6ماہ	11.63	10.89	0.74
1سال	11.60	10.85	0.75
3سال	11.69	11.15	0.54
5سال	11.80	11.40	0.40
10سال	12.19	12.30	-0.11

اسٹاک مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

مالی سال 26-2025 پاکستان کی ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کے لیے ایک اور غیر معمولی سال ثابت ہوا، جس میں بینچ مارک KSE-100 انڈیکس نے 44 فیصد شاندار منافع فراہم کرتے ہوئے 180,302 کی سطح پر سال کا اختتام کیا۔ مقامی اسٹاک مارکیٹ نے تمام بڑے اثاثہ جاتی طبقات سے بہتر کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا اور گزشتہ تین سال کے دوران 63 فیصد کی قابلِ ذکر مرکب سالانہ شرحِ نمو (CAGR) حاصل کی۔ مثبت کارکردگی بنیادی طور پر کمرشل بینکس، فرٹیلائزرز اور انرجی چین سے وابستہ کمپنیوں (ایکسپلوریشن، آئل اینڈ گیس مارکیٹنگ اور پاور) تک محدود رہی، جنہوں نے بالترتیب 21,612 پوائنٹس، 7,748 پوائنٹس اور 6,151 پوائنٹس کا حصہ ڈالا۔ تاہم، کارکردگی کا بڑا حصہ مالی سال 26-2025 کی پہلی ششماہی میں سامنے آیا، جبکہ سال کی دوسری ششماہی جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی کے باعث بڑھتے ہوئے اتار چڑھاؤ کی زد میں رہی، جس نے سرمایہ کاروں کے جذبات کو متاثر کیا۔

مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

آئندہ عرصے میں مالی سال 27 کے دوران افراطِ زر کی اوسط شرح تقریباً 8.0 تا 8.5 فیصد رہنے کی توقع ہے، جو اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے 5 تا 7 فیصد کے درمیانی مدت کے ہدف سے قدرے زیادہ ہے۔ جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی کا دورانیہ اور اس کے نتیجے میں توانائی اور غذائی اشیاء کی قیمتوں پر پڑنے والے اثرات مستقبل میں افراطِ زر کی سمت اور مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی کے مؤقف کے لیے اہم خطرات ہیں۔ درآمدی ٹیرف میں مرحلہ وار کمی کے نتیجے میں بڑھنے والے درآمدی دباؤ کا مقابلہ کرنے کے لیے ترسیلاتِ زر کی مسلسل آمد کلیدی اہمیت رکھے گی، جو آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ معاہدے کے مطابق کی جارہی ہے۔ اسٹیٹ بینک کو توقع ہے کہ مالی سال 27 میں ترسیلاتِ زر 44 بلین امریکی ڈالر (6.0+ فیصد سال بہ سال) تک پہنچ جائیں گی۔

مالیاتی محاذ پر حکومت نے مالی سال 27 کے لیے فیڈرل بورڈ آف ریونیو (FBR) کے لیے 15.2 ٹریلین روپے کا ٹیکس وصولی کا ہدف مقرر کیا ہے، جو مالی سال 27 کے وفاقی بجٹ میں متعارف کرائے گئے ریلیف اقدامات کے پیشِ نظر ایک مشکل ہدف دکھائی دیتا ہے۔ آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ آئندہ جائزوں میں ٹیکس وصولی کے ادارے کی کارکردگی مرکزی توجہ کا محور ہوگی۔ کیپٹل مارکیٹ کے محاذ پر افراطِ زر کا منظر نامہ، مانیٹری پالیسی اور داخلی سیاسی صورتحال سرمایہ کاروں کے جذبات کا رخ متعین کریں گے۔ گیس کے گردشی قرضے کے طویل انتظار کے بعد حل، معاشی سرگرمیوں میں مسلسل نمو، شرحِ سود اور اجناس کی قیمتوں میں کمی ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کے لیے اہم مثبت محرکات بدستور رہیں گے۔

فنڈز کی کارکردگی اور اعلانات

1) یو بی ایل لیکویڈیٹی پلس فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 1,618.757 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 181.520 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 1,437.236 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 3,872.833 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 101.5768 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے دیئے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز کو 299.165 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی AA+(f) ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

2) یو بی ایل لیکویڈیٹی فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 3,864.333 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 184.312 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 3,680.021 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون

2026 تک 11,384.799 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 101.0660 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے دیئے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز کو 273.146 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔
VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی (f)+AA ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

3) یو بی ایل کیش فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 1,551.449 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، ٹرم ڈپازٹ رسید، گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 107.150 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 1,444.299 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 60,991.055 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 100.6956 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز کو 398.563 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔
پاکستان کریڈٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسی لمیٹڈ (PACRA) نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کو (f)+AAA ریٹنگ تفویض کی اور برقرار رکھا ہے۔

4) یو بی ایل منی مارکیٹ فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 5,553.634 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، پلیسمنٹ اور گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 644.061 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 4,909.573 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 55,583.172 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 101.4107 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 1,143.489 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔
VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی (f)+AAA ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

5) یو بی ایل گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 1,298.587 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، پلیسمنٹ اور گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 158.551 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 1,140.036 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 3,692.082 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 106.9154 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ قیمت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 280.079 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔
VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی (f)AA ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

6) یو بی ایل انکم اپرچونٹی فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 833.518 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، پلیسمنٹ، گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز اور کارپوریٹ بانڈز/سکوک پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 51.895 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 781.623 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 2,891.788 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 111.2459 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیئے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران 179.260 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔
VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی (f)-AA ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

7) یو بی ایل گروتھ اینڈ انکم فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 535.523 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس، پلیسمنٹ، گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز، کارپوریٹ بانڈز/سکوک اور مارجن ٹریڈنگ سسٹم میں سرمایہ کاری پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 88.816 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 451.330 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 5,138.087 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 86.0685 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران 90.027 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ نے سال کے دوران فنڈ کی A+(f) ریٹنگ کی دوبارہ توثیق کی ہے۔

8) یو بی ایل اسٹاک ایڈوانٹیج فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 7,968.408 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی، جس میں بنیادی طور پر بینک بیلنس سے آمدنی اور ڈیویڈینڈز شامل ہے۔ 1,239.353 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 7,968.403 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 39,187.663 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 265.0068 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران 2,378.745 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

9) یو بی ایل ایسیٹ ایلوکیشن فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 705.801 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی میں بنیادی طور پر گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز، بینک بیلنس، کارپوریٹ ٹی سی ایف ،ٹرم ڈیپازٹس رسیدز سے آمدنی اور ڈیویڈینڈز کی آمدنی شامل ہے۔ 89.464 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ کی خالص آمدنی 616.337 ملین پاکستانی روپے رہی۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 3,702.206 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 315.6007 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دی گئی اتھارٹی کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران 421.536 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

10) یو بی ایل فنانشل سیکٹر فنڈ - (UFSF)

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال میں 1,739.343 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور ڈیویڈینڈ سے ہونے والی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 247.379 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ کی خالص آمدنی 1,491.964 ملین پاکستانی روپے رہی۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 7,965.457 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 314.8814 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 1,094.159 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

11) یو بی ایل پاکستان انٹرپرائز ایکسچینج ٹریڈڈ فنڈ

فنڈ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 17.461 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور ڈیویڈینڈ سے ہونے والی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 3.804 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ کی خالص آمدنی 13.657 ملین روپے رہی۔ 30 جون 2026 تک فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 516.802 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو 29.1978 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 228.526 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

12) یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز فنڈ

یو ایس ایس ایف مندرجہ ذیل منصوبوں پر مشتمل ہے:

(الف) یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز پلان-V

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 45.509 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 7.307 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ کی خالص آمدنی 38.202 ملین روپے رہی۔ 30 جون 2026 تک فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 28.865 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز فنڈ-II

USSF-II مندرجہ ذیل منصوبوں پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز پلان-X

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 110.433 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 19.168 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 91.265 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 928.791 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 102.4950 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 79.460 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

13) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ

الف) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-U-1

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 1.547 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.039 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 1.508 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

14) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ-II

یو ایف آر ایف-II مندرجہ ذیل منصوبوں پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-II-M

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 262.091 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 7.115 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 254.976 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 2,358.070 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 100.6503 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 242.247 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ب) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-II-U

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 98.506 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 3.298 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 95.208 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

الف) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-II-Y

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 89.278 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 2.373 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 86.905 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

الف) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-II-M

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 14.686 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.426 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 14.260 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026

تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ب) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-II-AB

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 812.955 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 36.149 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 776.806 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 5.497 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 100.5997 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.642 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

15) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ-III

یو ایف آر ایف-III درج ذیل منصوبوں پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-III-S

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 49.674 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 1.162 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 48.512 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ب) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-III-X

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 16.693 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.532 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 16.161 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

پ) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-III-Y

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 139.760 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 6.458 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 133.302 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.207 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 100.9565 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 9.793 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ت) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-III-Z

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 165.719 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 4.683 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 161.035 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 1,114.581 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 100.3623 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔
بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 94.815 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

16) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ-IV

یو ایف آر ایف-IV درج ذیل منصوبوں پر مشتمل ہے:

الف) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-IV-G

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 5.230 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.582 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 4.644 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ب) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-IV-K

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 176.900 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 15.663 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 161.237 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 183.839 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ت) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-IV-M

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 53.988 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 2.654 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 51.334 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ٹ) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-IV-N

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 2.311 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.084 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 2.227 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 7.363 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ث) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-IV-O

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 1.214 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.471 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 0.743 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

ج) یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن پلان-IV-P

اس منصوبہ نے 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے 0.131 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل کی۔ فنڈ کی آمدنی بینک بیلنس اور گورنمنٹ سیکورٹیز پر مارک اپ/سود کی آمدنی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 0.008 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے اخراجات کا حساب دینے کے بعد، فنڈ 0.122 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی خالص آمدنی حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ فنڈ کے خالص اثاثے 30 جون 2026 تک 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے تھے جو کہ 0.00 پاکستانی روپے فی یونٹ کی خالص اثاثہ مالیت کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے دیے گئے اختیار کے تحت چیف ایگزیکٹو نے سال کے دوران یونٹ ہولڈرز میں 0.00 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی عبوری تقسیم کی منظوری دی۔

حکمت عملی، جائزہ اور فنڈز کا نقطہ نظر

حکمت عملی، جائزہ اور فنڈز کے نقطہ نظر کے لیے، براہِ کرم سال کے لیے فنڈ منیجر رپورٹ کا متعلقہ حصہ ملاحظہ کریں۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس

مینجمنٹ کمپنی کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ معیارات کے لیے پُرعزم ہے اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز اچھی کارپوریٹ گورننس کے لیے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے سامنے جوابدہ ہے۔ انتظامیہ خاص طور پر نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز کی آزادی کے حوالے سے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے ضابطہ میں طے شدہ بہترین طریقوں کی دفعات کی تعمیل جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔

بورڈ کی اپنی کارکردگی کی سالانہ تشخیص کے لیے ایک باضابطہ اور مؤثر طریقہ کار وضع کیا گیا ہے۔

بورڈ کے پاس آزاد (نان ایگزیکٹو) ڈائریکٹرز کے معاوضے کے لیے ایک منظور شدہ ڈائریکٹر معاوضہ پالیسی ہے۔ اس پالیسی کا بنیادی مقصد لسٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز، 2019 کی ضرورت کے مطابق مارکیٹ مسابقتی فیس کی سطح پیش کر کے اعلیٰ صلاحیت کے حامل، تجربہ کار آزاد ڈائریکٹرز (نان ایگزیکٹو) کو راغب کرنے اور برقرار رکھنے کے اصولوں کی وضاحت کرنا ہے۔ آزاد ڈائریکٹرز ڈائریکٹرز معاوضہ پالیسی کے مطابق بورڈ کے اجلاسوں اور بورڈ کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لیے فیس کے حقدار ہیں۔

رسک فریم ورک اور انٹرنل کنٹرول سسٹم

مینجمنٹ کمپنی نے ایک منظور شدہ رسک مینجمنٹ پالیسی قائم کی ہے جو اپنی سرگرمیوں سے وابستہ خطرات کا انتظام کرنے کے لئے فریم ورک فراہم کرتی ہے۔ یہ پورے ادارے سے پیدا ہونے والے خطرے کی شناخت، تشخیص، نگرانی اور انتظام کے لیے تشکیل دیا گیا ہے۔

مینجمنٹ کمپنی انٹر پرائز رسک مینجمنٹ (ERM) کی پیروی کرتی ہے جو کہ ایک مسلسل جاری عمل ہے اور کسی بھی ادارہ کے ہر سطح کے لوگوں سے اثر انداز ہوتا ہے جو انٹر پرائز میں ہر سطح اور یونٹ پر لاگو حکمت عملی کی ترتیب میں نافذ ہوتا ہے، اور اس میں ممکنہ واقعات کی شناخت کے لئے تیار کردہ خطرے کا ادارے کی سطح کے پورٹ فولیو کا جائزہ لینا بھی شامل ہے جو اگر واقع ہوتے ہیں تو ادارے کو متاثر کریں گے اور خطرات کو کم کرنے کے انتظام کو کمزور کرے گا۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں کی تعمیل کرنے کے لیے درج ذیل مخصوص بیانات دیئے جا رہے ہیں:

- فنڈز کے مالیاتی گوشواروں میں امور، آپریشن کے نتائج، نقدی کے بہاؤ اور یونٹ ہولڈر کے فنڈ میں ہونے والی تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر پیش کیا گیا ہے۔
- فنڈز کی طرف سے اکاؤنٹس کے مناسب کھاتوں کو برقرار رکھا گیا ہے؛
- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا مسلسل اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینہ جات معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلوں پر مبنی ہیں۔
- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لاگو متعلقہ بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات، نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسٹیبلشمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشن) رولز، 2003، نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز اینڈ نوٹیفائیڈ اینٹٹیز ریگولیشنز، 2008، ٹرسٹ ڈیڈ کے تقاضے اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔
- اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں مستحکم ہے اور اسے مؤثر طریقے سے لاگو اور اس کی نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
- کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی انحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے، جیسا کہ لسٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز 2019 میں تفصیل سے بتایا گیا ہے؛
- فنڈز کی کارکردگی کا جدول اور یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا نمونہ سالانہ رپورٹ میں دیا گیا ہے۔
- پراویڈنٹ فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاری کی قدر کے بارے میں بیان فنڈز پر لاگو نہیں ہوتا بلکہ مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر لاگو ہوتا ہے۔ لہذا فنڈز کے ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ میں کوئی انکشاف نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔
- ٹیکس، ڈیوٹی، لیویز اور چارجز کی مد میں بقایا قانونی ادائیگی، اگر کوئی ہو مالی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور پر ظاہر کی گئی ہیں؛

یو بی ایل فنڈ مینجرز لمیٹڈ کے کل چھ ڈائریکٹرز ہیں:

الف) مرد: پانچ ڈائریکٹرز

ب) خاتون: ایک ڈائریکٹر

بورڈ کی تشکیل حسب ذیل ہے:

زمرہ	نام
آزاد ڈائریکٹرز	جناب راشد احمد جعفر محترمہ ہما پاشا
ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز	جناب آصف علی قریشی (سی ای او)
نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز *	جناب عمران سرور (چیئرمین) جناب علی خالد غزنوی جناب فرخ کریم خان
خاتون ڈائریکٹر	محترمہ ہما پاشا

*جناب محمد رضوان ملک 29 جون 2026 کو ڈائریکٹر کے عہدہ سے مستعفی ہو گئے۔

یو بی ایل فنڈ مینجرز بورڈ کی بنیادی ذمہ داری کمپنی کے معاملات کی نگرانی کرنا اور اس کی انتظامیہ کو ہدایت فراہم کرنا ہے۔ انتظامیہ کی ذمہ داری ہے کہ وہ بورڈ کو کمپنی کے معاملات سے باخبر رکھے اور بی او ڈی کی طرف سے دی گئی ہدایات اور ہدایات کو مؤثر طریقے سے نافذ کرے۔

بورڈ، مؤثر گورننس اور انٹرنل کنٹرول کے نظام کو بروئے کار لاتے ہوئے، کمپنی کے اسٹیک ہولڈرز، بشمول اس کے شیئر ہولڈرز، یونٹ ہولڈرز، صارفین، ملازمین، ریگولیٹر اور ان کمیونٹیز کے درمیان توازن قائم کرنے کی کوشش کرتا ہے جن میں یہ کام کرتی ہے۔ بورڈ کی طرف سے کئے گئے تمام اقدامات میں، ڈائریکٹرز آزادانہ کاروباری فیصلے کا استعمال کرتے ہیں جس کے بارے میں وہ معقول طور پر کمپنی کے بہترین مفاد میں سمجھتے ہیں۔

بہترین کارپوریٹ گورننس کے طریقوں کے مطابق، یو بی ایل فنڈ مینجرز لمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے پورے ادارے میں رسک مینجمنٹ، انٹرنل کنٹرول سسٹم اور اچھی کارپوریٹ گورننس کو بڑھانے کے لیے کئی متعدد بورڈ کمیٹیاں قائم کی ہیں۔ یہ بورڈ کمیٹیاں بورڈ اور انتظامیہ کو ان کی اہلیت کے مخصوص شعبے سے متعلق امور پر سہولت فراہم کرتی ہیں۔

بورڈ کی مندرجہ ذیل کمیٹیاں ہیں:

بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی (BAC)

نام	عہدہ	ڈائریکٹرشپ کی قسم
محترمہ ہما پاشا	چیئرپرسن	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	رکن	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر

بورڈ ہیومن ریسورس ریمنریشن کمیٹی (BHRRC)

نام	عہدہ	ڈائریکٹرشپ کی قسم
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	چیئرمین	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب عمران سرور	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب فرخ کریم خان	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	رکن	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
جناب آصف علی قریشی	رکن	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر

بورڈ رسک اینڈ کمپلائنس کمیٹی (BRCC)

نام	عہدہ	ڈائریکٹرشپ کی قسم
جناب عمران سرور	چیئرمین	نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر
محترمہ ہما پاشا	رکن	آزاد ڈائریکٹر
جناب آصف علی قریشی	رکن	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر/سی ای او

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز (بی او ڈی) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، مینجمنٹ کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کے پانچ (5) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہے:

نام ڈائریکٹر	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	22 اگست 2025	20 اگست 2025	14 جنوری 2026	18 فروری 2026	17 اپریل 2026
جناب عمران سرور	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
محترمہ ہما پاشا	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب محمد رضوان ملک*	2	x	✓	✓	x	x
جناب فرخ کریم خان	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب آصف علی قریشی	5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

*۔29 جون 2026 کو مستعفی ہو گئے۔

بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی (BAC) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، BAC کے چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

نام ڈائریکٹر	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	16 اپریل 2026	17 فروری 2026	20 اکتوبر 2025	19 اگست 2025
محترمہ ہما پاشا	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب رشید احمد جعفر	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب محمد رضوان ملک*	1	x	x	✓	x

*29 جون 2026 کو مستعفی ہو گئے۔

بورڈ آف ہیومن ریسورس ریمنریشن کمیٹی (BHRRC) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، BHRCC کے دو (2) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

ڈائریکٹر کا نام	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	17 فروری 2026	19 اگست 2025
جناب عمران سرور	2	✓	✓
جناب رشید احمد جعفر (آن لائن)	2	✓	✓
جناب آصف علی قریشی	2	✓	✓
جناب فرخ کریم خان	2	✓	✓
جناب علی خالد غزنوی	2	✓	✓

بورڈ رسک اینڈ کمپلائینس کمیٹی (BRCC) کے اجلاس

30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، BRCC کے چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

نام ڈائریکٹر	اجلاسوں میں حاضری کی تعداد	19 اگست 2025	20 اکتوبر 2025	18 فروری 2026	17 اگست 2026
جناب عمران سرور	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
محترمہ ہما پاشا	4	✓	✓	✓	✓
جناب محمد رضوان ملک*	1	x	✓	x	x
جناب آصف علی قریشی	4	✓	✓	✓	✓

*29 جون 2026 کو مستعفی ہو گئے۔

ڈائریکٹرز کی تربیت

سال کے دوران کسی بھی ڈائریکٹر نے SECP سے منظور شدہ ڈائریکٹرز ٹریننگ پروگرام کے تحت تربیت حاصل نہیں کی۔ تاہم، مینجمنٹ کمپنی آئندہ سال کے دوران دو (2) ڈائریکٹرز کے لیے تربیت کا انتظام کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔

آڈیٹرز

مندرجہ ذیل جدول کے مطابق موجودہ آڈیٹرز 30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے آڈٹ کے اختتام پر ریٹائر ہو جائیں گے:

نمبر شمار	فنڈ کا نام	موجودہ آڈیٹرز	30 جون 2026 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے تقرری کی حیثیت
1	یو بی ایل لیکویڈیٹی پلس فنڈ	میسرز بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
2	یو بی ایل لیکویڈیٹی فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
3	یو بی ایل کیش فنڈ	میسرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کو، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
4	یو بی ایل منی مارکیٹ فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
5	یو بی ایل گورنمنٹ سیکیورٹیز فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
6	یو بی ایل انکم اپرچونٹی فنڈ	میسرز بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
7	یو بی ایل گروتھ اینڈ انکم فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
8	یو بی ایل اسٹاک ایڈوانٹیج فنڈ	میسرز یوسف عادل اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
9	یو بی ایل ایسیٹ ایلوکیشن فنڈ	میسرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کو، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
10	یو بی ایل فنانشل سیکٹر فنڈ	میسرز اے ایف فرگوسن اینڈ کو، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل

11	یو بی ایل پاکستان انٹر پرائز ایکسچینج ٹریڈڈ فنڈ	میسرز بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
12	یو بی ایل اسپیشل سیونگز فنڈ-II	میسرز بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
13	یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ-II	میسرز بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل
14	یو بی ایل فکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈ-III	میسرز بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس	دوبارہ تقرری کے اہل

موجودہ آڈیٹرز، جہاں اہل ہیں، خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش کرتے ہیں۔ اسی مناسبت سے، بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2027 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے موجودہ آڈیٹرز کی دوبارہ تقرری اور جہاں قابل اطلاق ہو، نئے آڈیٹرز کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

ماحولیاتی، سماجی اور گورننس (ESG) امور کی نگرانی میں بورڈ کا کردار

بورڈ تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے پائیدار کاروباری طریقہ کار اور طویل مدتی قدر کے فروغ کو یقینی بنانے کے عزم پر قائم ہے۔ پائیداری سے متعلق امور کو کمپنی کے گورننس، حکمتِ عملی اور رسک مینجمنٹ کے فریم ورک میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔ بورڈ پائیداری سے متعلق خطرات، بشمول ماحولیاتی، سماجی اور گورننس عوامل، کی نگرانی کرتا ہے جو کمپنی کے آپریشنز اور کارکردگی کو متاثر کر سکتے ہیں۔ ان خطرات کی باقاعدگی سے نشاندہی، تشخیص اور نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، جبکہ مؤثر تدارک اور قابلِ اطلاق ریگولیٹری تقاضوں اور بدلتے ہوئے بہترین طریقہ ہائے کار سے ہم آہنگی کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے مضبوط داخلی کنٹرولز، تعمیری طریقہ ہائے کار اور مسلسل نگرانی کے نظام کے ذریعے ان کا انتظام کیا جاتا ہے۔

کمپنی ادارے کی تمام سطحوں پر تنوع، مساوات اور شمولیت (DE&I) کے فروغ کے لیے بھی پُرعزم ہے۔ بورڈ میں متنوع تجربے اور مہارت کے حامل افراد شامل ہیں، جن میں مناسب صنفی نمائندگی بھی شامل ہے، جو گورننس اور فیصلہ سازی کو مزید مؤثر بناتی ہے۔ کمپنی مساوی مواقع، منصفانہ برتاؤ اور شفاف انسانی وسائل کے طریقہ ہائے کار کے ذریعے ایک جامع اور شمولیتی کام کے ماحول کو فروغ دینے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ بورڈ ریگولیٹری توقعات اور ابھرتے ہوئے معیارات کے مطابق پائیداری کے اقدامات اور DE&I سے متعلق اقدامات کو مسلسل مضبوط بنانے پر توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے۔

اظہارِ تشکر

ہم اپنے قابل قدر یونٹ ہولڈرز کا یو بی ایل فنڈ مینیجرز لمیٹڈ پر اعتماد اور بھروسہ کے لیے شکر گزار ہیں۔ اس کے علاوہ، ہم سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان، اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان، سینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان لمیٹڈ (ٹرسٹی) اور شریعہ ایڈوائزری بورڈ کی مسلسل حمایت، رہنمائی اور تعاون کا اعتراف کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ اس موقع پر ملازمین کی لگن، عزم، جوش اور محنت کو بھی سراہتا ہے۔

منجانب اور برائے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز آف یو بی ایل فنڈ مینیجرز لمیٹڈ

_____SD_____	_____SD_____
آصف علی قریشی	عمران سرور
چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر	چیئرمین

کراچی

20 اگست 2026ء

ULF
UBL LIQUIDITY FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

ULF is an open-end Money Market Fund, investing in a diversified portfolio of low risk assets. The Fund seeks to provide attractive daily returns while maintaining comparatively high liquidity.

Management Company	UBL Fund Managers Limited
Trustee	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel: (9221) 111-111-500
Distribution Company	United Bank Limited (for detail of others, please visit our website: www.ublfunds.com.pk)
Auditor	Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants
Bankers	United Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited
Management Co.Rating	AM1 (VIS)
Fund Rating	AA+ (f) (VIS)

Fund Manager's Report – UBL Liquidity Fund (ULF)

i) Description of the Collective Investment Scheme category and type

Money Market / Open-end

ii) Statement of Collective Investment Scheme's investment objective

ULPF is an open-end Money Market Fund, investing in a diversified portfolio of low risk assets. The Fund seeks to provide attractive daily returns while maintaining comparatively high liquidity.

iii)

iv) Explanation as to whether the Collective Investment Scheme achieved its stated objective

The Collective Investment Scheme achieved its stated objective.

v) **Statement of benchmark(s) relevant to the Collective Investment Scheme**

90% three (3) months PKRV rates + 10% three (3) months average of the highest rates on savings account of three (3) AA rated scheduled Banks as selected by MUFAP

vi) Comparison of the Collective Investment Scheme's performance during the period compared with the said benchmarks

Monthly Yield*	Jul'25	Aug'25	Sep'25	Oct'25	Nov'25	Dec'25	Jan'26	Feb'26	Mar'26	Apr'26	May'26	Jun'26	FYTD
ULF	0.00%	0.00%	9.68%	10.29%	10.33%	10.27%	9.89%	9.93%	9.85%	9.97%	10.82%	11.25%	10.63%
Benchmark	0.00%	0.00%	10.66%	10.78%	10.73%	10.48%	9.95%	10.09%	10.61%	10.91%	11.59%	11.64%	10.75%

vii) Description of the strategies and policies employed during the period under review in relation to the Collective Investment Scheme's performance

UBL Liquidity Fund (ULF) is an open end Money Market Fund with investment objective to provide attractive daily returns while maintaining comparatively high liquidity. ULF yielded return of 10.63% p.a. during FY26. Major exposure was maintained in Cash (~97.49%) as at June 30, 2026, thus maintaining high portfolio quality. The net assets of the Fund were PKR 11,385 million as at June 30, 2026. The asset allocation was made as such to ensure high liquidity is kept intact. The weighted average maturity of the Fund was 1 day at the end of FY26.

viii) Disclosure of the Collective Investment Scheme's asset allocation as at the date of the report and particulars of significant changes in asset allocation since the last report (if applicable)

Asset Allocation (% of Total Assets)	Jun-26	Jun-25
Placements with banks	0%	0%
T-Bills	0%	0%
Cash	97%	0%
Others	3%	0%
Leverage	Nil	Nil

ix) Analysis of the Collective Investment Scheme's performance

FY'26 Return:	10.63%
Standard Deviation (12m trailing):	n/a
Sharpe Ratio (12m trailing):	n/a

x) Changes in total NAV and NAV per unit since the last review period or since commencement (in case of newly established Collective Investment Schemes)

Net Asset Value			NAV per unit		
30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25	Change	30-Jun-26	30-Jun-25	Change
Rupees (000)		%	Rupees		%
11,384,799	-	N/A	100.0660	-	N/A

xi) **Disclosure on the markets that the Collective investment Scheme has invested in including**
- review of the market(s) invested in and performance during the period

Please refer to relevant section in director report

xii) Disclosure on distribution (if any), comprising:-
- particulars of income distribution or other forms of distribution made and proposed during the period; and
- statement of effects on the NAV before and after distribution is made

Distribution				Per unit	
Declared on	Bonus	Cash	Per Unit	Cum NAV	Ex NAV
	Rupees (000)		---------- *Rupees* ----------		
08-Sep-2026	-	908	0.1165	100.1165	100.0000
29-June-2026	-	272,239	8.5945	108.5945	100.0000

xiii) Description and explanation of any significant changes in the state of affairs of the Collective Investment Scheme during the period and up till the date of the manager's report, not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs during the year under review.

xiv) Breakdown of unit holdings by size

Range of Units	Number of Investors
	ULF
0.0001 - 9,999.9999	1483
10,000.0000 - 49,999.9999	74
50,000.0000 - 99,999.9999	28
100,000.0000 - 499,999.9999	43
500,000.0000 & Above	29
Total	**1657**

xv) Disclosure on unit split (if any), comprising:-

There were no unit splits during the period.

xvi) Disclosures of circumstances that materially affect any interests of unit holders

Investment are subject to market risk.

xvii) Disclosure if the Asset Management Company or its delegate, if any, receives any soft commission (i.e. goods and services) from its broker(s) or dealer(s) by virtue of transactions conducted by the Collective Investment Scheme.

No soft commissions are received by the AMC from its brokers or dealers by virtue of transactions conducted by the Collective Investment Scheme.

PERFORMANCE TABLE

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND

	2026
NET ASSETS AS AT 30 JUNE - Rupees in '000	**11,384,799**
NET ASSETS VALUE PER UNIT AT 30 JUNE - Rupees *	
Class C units - Offer *	**100.066**
- Redemption	**100.066**
RETURN OF THE FUND - %	
Total Return of the Fund	**10.53**
Capital Growth	**2.2205**
Date of Income Distribution	**08-Sep-25**
Income Distribution	**0.1165**
Date of Income Distribution	**29-Jun-26**
Income Distribution (Per Unit)	**8.5945**
AVERAGE ANNUAL RETURN - %	
One Year	**10.53**
OFFER / REPURCHASE DURING THE YEAR- Rupees *	
Highest price per unit - Class C units - Offer	**108.5575**
Highest price per unit - Class C units - Redemption	**108.5575**
Lowest price per unit - Class C units - Offer	**100.0000**
Lowest price per unit - Class C units - Redemption	**100.0000**
PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION - %	
Percentage of Net Assets as at 30 June	
PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION BY CATEGORY - %	
Bank Balances	**97.49**
Others	**2.51**
PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION BY MARKET - %	
Debt market	**100.00**

Note:

- The Launch date of Fund is 05 September 2025

DISCLAIMER

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED
Head Office:
CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'
S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal
Karachi - 74400, Pakistan.
Tel : (92-21) 111-111-500
Fax: (92-21) 34326021 - 23
URL: www.cdcpakistan.com
Email: info@cdcpak.com

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 8 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of UBL Liquidity Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that UBL Fund Managers Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2026 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

(i) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;

(ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund;

(iii) The management fee, fee payable to Commission and other expenses paid from the Fund during the period are in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework; and

(iv) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Badiuddin Akber
Chief Executive Officer
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 14, 2026

YOUSUF ADIL
PACE ALIGNED ...

Yousuf Adil
Chartered Accountants

Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8
KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal
Karachi-75350
Pakistan

Tel: +92 (021) 3454 6494-7
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Unit Holders of UBL Liquidity Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **UBL Liquidity Fund** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2026, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and cash flow statement for the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026 (the period), and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2026, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026 in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund and UBL Fund Managers Limited (the Management Company) in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Management Company (UBL Fund Managers Limited) is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors of the Management Company for the Financial Statements

The Management Company (UBL Fund Managers Limited) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Company is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors of the Management Company is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management Company.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide to the Board of Directors of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Nadeem Yousuf Adil**.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi
Date: September 23, 2026
UDIN: AR202610091pWgtDu1ma

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AS AT JUNE 30, 2026

	Note	June 30, 2026 --- Rupees in '000 --
ASSETS		
Bank balances	5	11,605,933
Placements and term deposit receipts	6	-
Investments	7	-
Mark-up receivable	8	14,130
Receivable against units issued		1,285
Prepayments	9	74
Preliminary expenses and floatation costs	10	419
Total assets		11,621,841
LIABILITIES		
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	11	17,944
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	12	2,313
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	13	2,742
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	14	214,043
Total liabilities		237,042
NET ASSETS		11,384,799
UNIT HOLDERS' FUND (AS PER STATEMENT ATTACHED)		11,384,799
Contingencies and commitments	15	
		-- Number of units --
Number of units in issue	16	113,772,910
		---- Rupees ----
Net asset value per unit		100.0660
Face value per unit		100.0000

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD	SD	SD
Asif Ali Qureshi	Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND
INCOME STATEMENT
FOR THE PERIOD FROM SEPTEMBER 05, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

	Note	For the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026
		-- Rupees in '000 --
INCOME		
Financial income	17	3,863,910
Loss on sale of investments - net		(1,164)
Other income		1,587
Total income		3,864,333
EXPENSES		
Remuneration of UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	11.1	115,332
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Management Company	11.2	17,300
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	12	19,787
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Trustee	12	2,969
Annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	13	26,982
Auditor's remuneration	18	605
Legal and professional charges		399
Brokerage and settlement charges		785
Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs	10	82
Bank charges		71
Total expenses		184,312
Net income for the period before taxation		3,680,021
Taxation	19	-
Net income for the period after taxation		3,680,021
Allocation of net income for the period		
Net income for the period after taxation		3,680,021
Income already paid on units redeemed		(3,629,461)
		50,560
Accounting income available for distribution		
- Relating to capital gains		-
- Excluding capital gains		50,560
		50,560
Earnings per unit	20	

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

YA

For UBL Fund Managers Limited

SD	SD	SD
Asif Ali Qureshi	Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD FROM SEPTEMBER 05, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

	For the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026
	---- Rupees in '000 ----
Net income for the period after taxation	**3,680,021**
Other comprehensive income for the period	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	**3,680,021**

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

YA

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD	SD	SD
Asif Ali Qureshi	Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND
STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUND
FOR THE PERIOD FROM SEPTEMBER 05, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

	2026		
	Capital value	Undistributed income	Total
	---------- Rupees in '000 ----------		
Net assets at the beginning of the period	-	-	-
Issuance of 2,369,673,465 units			
- Capital value	236,967,347	-	236,967,347
- Element of income	10,073,999	-	10,073,999
Total amount received on issuance of units	247,041,346	-	247,041,346
Redemption of 2,255,900,555 units			
- Capital value	(225,590,056)	-	(225,590,056)
- Element of income	(9,843,904)	(3,629,461)	(13,473,365)
Total amount paid on redemption of units	(235,433,960)	(3,629,461)	(239,063,421)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	3,680,021	3,680,021
Distribution for the period:			
Rs. 0.1165 per unit declared on September 08, 2025	-	(908)	(908)
Rs. 8.5945 per unit declared on June 29, 2026	(222,587)	(49,652)	(272,239)
	(222,587)	3,629,461	3,406,874
Net assets at the end of the period	11,384,799	-	11,384,799
Undistributed income brought forward comprising of:			
- Realised		-	
- Unrealised		-	
		-	
Accounting income available for distribution			
- Relating to capital gains		-	
- Excluding capital gains		50,560	
		50,560	
Distribution during the period		(50,560)	
Undistributed income carried forward		-	
Undistributed income carried forward comprising of:			
- Realised		-	
- Unrealised		-	
		-	
			-- Rupees --
Net asset value per unit at the beginning of the period			100.0000
Net asset value per unit at the end of the period			100.0660

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD	SD	SD
Asif Ali Qureshi	Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND
CASH FLOW STATAMENT
FOR THE PERIOD FROM SEPTEMBER 05, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

	For the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026
	---- Rupees in '000 ---
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income for the period before taxation	3,680,021
Adjustments for:	
Financial income	(3,863,910)
Loss on sale of investments - net	1,164
Amortisation of preliminary expenses and floatation costs	82
	(3,862,664)
Decrease in assets	
Investments - net	(1,164)
Prepayments	(74)
Preliminary expense and floatation cost	(501)
	(1,739)
Increase in liabilities	
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	17,944
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	2,313
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	2,742
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	214,043
	237,042
Cash generated from operations	52,660
Markup received	3,849,780
Net cash generated from operations	3,902,440
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Amount received on issuance of units	247,040,061
Amount paid on redemption of units	(239,063,421)
Dividend paid	(273,147)
Net cash generated from financing activities	7,703,493
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	11,605,933
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	11,605,933

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD	SD	SD
Asif Ali Qureshi	Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director

UBL LIQUIDITY FUND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD FROM SEPTEMBER 05, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

UBL Liquidity Fund (the "Fund") has been established under a Trust Deed executed, under the Trust Act, 2020, between UBL Fund Managers Limited (the Management Company - a subsidiary company of United Bank Limited), as the Management Company, and the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as the Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on December 30, 2024 and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on August 21, 2025 in accordance with the requirements of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, (NBFC Regulations). The Fund commenced its operations from September 05, 2025.

The Management Company of the Fund is registered with the SECP as a Non-Banking Finance Company under the NBFC Rules. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 4th Floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi.

The Fund is an open-ended mutual fund categorised as a money market scheme. Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can also be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund at the option of the unit holder.

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide competitive returns from a portfolio of low risk investments while maintaining high liquidity.

The title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as the Trustee of the Fund.

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed management quality rating of "AM1" (stable outlook) to the Management Company and assigned a stability rating of "AA+(f)" to the Fund.

As per the offering document approved by the SECP, the accounting period, in case of first such period, shall commence from the date on which the trust property is first paid or transferred to the Trustee. Accordingly these financial statements have been prepared from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026

These are the first year financial statements of the Fund, therefore, corresponding figures have not been presented.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

2.1.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with Part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules) and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations).

Where provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, Part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations differ from the requirements of IFRS Accounting Standards, the provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, Part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, and the NBFC Regulations have been followed.

2.1.2 The SECP / Commission through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/RS/MUFAP/2017-148 dated November 21, 2017 has deferred the applicability of the impairment requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 9 'Financial Instruments' in relation to debt securities for mutual funds. Accordingly, Asset Management Companies are required to continue to follow the requirements of Circular 33 of 2012 for impairment of debt securities.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that certain financial assets are measured at fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Fund. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest of thousand rupees, unless otherwise indicated.

2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates, judgements and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Information about the judgments made by management in the application of the accounting policies, that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in these financial statements, are given below:

(i) Classification and measurement of financial assets (notes 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 6 and 7);
(ii) Impairment of financial assets (note 4.2.3); and
(iii) Provision for taxation (notes 4.6 and 19).

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO THE PUBLISHED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

3.1 Amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's annual accounting period beginning on September 05, 2025. However, these are not considered to be relevant or did not have any material effect on the Fund's financial statements and have, therefore, not been disclosed in these financial statements.

3.2 New approved accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

There are certain new standards and amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2026. These standards, interpretations and amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have a significant effect on the Fund's financial statements except for:

- The new standard - IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (IFRS 18) (published in April 2024) with applicability date of January 1, 2027, by IASB and SECP. IFRS 18 shall impact the presentation of "Income Statement" with certain additional disclosures in the financial statements.

- Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' which clarifies the date of recognition and derecognition of a financial asset or financial liability including settlement of liabilities through banking instruments and channels including electronic transfers with effective date of January 1, 2026. The amendment when applied may impact the timing of recognition and derecognition of financial liabilities.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances and short-term highly liquid investments, with original maturities of three months or less, that, are readily convertible to known amount of cash, are subject to insignificant change in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments.

4.2 Financial instruments

4.2.1 Initial recognition and measurement

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract or the contract is a derivative contract.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of financial assets or liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs pertaining to financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the income statement.

4.2.2 Classification and subsequent measurement

4.2.2.1 Financial assets

There are three principal classification categories for financial assets:

- At amortised cost ("AC");
- At fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); and
- At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

IFRS 9 also provides an option whereby securities managed as a portfolio or group of assets and whose performance is measured on a fair value basis, to be recognised at FVTPL. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. Therefore, management considers its investment in debt securities as being managed as a group of assets and hence has classified them as FVTPL.

Financial asset at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL;

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial asset classified at amortised cost is subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses are also recognised in the income statement when financial assets carried at amortised cost are derecognised or impaired.

Financial asset at FVTOCI

A financial asset is classified at FVTOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL;

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition, for an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI, and only dividend income is recognised in income statement. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Financial assets at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising due to changes in fair value recognised in OCI, except for the recognition of impairment losses. In case of debt instrument, when the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to income statement. In case of equity instrument, when the financial asset is derecognised there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to income statement.

Financial asset at FVTPL

All other financial assets are classified as FVTPL (for example: equity held for trading and debt securities not classified either as AC or FVTOCI).

In addition, on initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designate a financial asset, that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, as at FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Fund changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recorded in the income statement.

4.2.2.2 Financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- At amortised Cost ("AC"), or
- At fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Fund has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, IFRS 9 requires as follows:

- The amount of change in the fair value of a financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of such changes in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in income statement.

- Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to income statement.

4.2.3 Impairment of financial assets

Under expected credit loss (ECL) model of IFRS 9, the Fund recognises loss allowances for ECLs on financial assets other than debt securities. The Fund measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- Financial assets that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and

- Other financial assets for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the asset) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Fund considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Fund's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

As disclosed in note 2.1.2 of these financial statements, the Fund follows the requirements of circular 33 of 2012 (the "circular") for impairment of debt securities. Under the circular, provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time based criteria as prescribed under the circular. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the income statement.

As allowed under circular no. 13 of 2009 dated May 04, 2009 issued by the SECP, the Management Company may also make provision against debt securities over and above minimum provision requirement prescribed in aforesaid circular, in accordance with the provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors and disseminated by the Management Company on its website.

4.2.4 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the entity has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

4.2.5 Fair value measurement principles and provision

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of government securities

The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the interbank market are valued at the average rates quoted on a widely used electronic quotation system (PKRV and PKFRV rates) which are based on the remaining tenor of the securities.

The government securities listed on stock exchange (for example Listed on GoP ijarah sukuk) are valued on their prices quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited at reporting date.

4.2.6 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the timeframe established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell assets.

4.2.7 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.3 Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement, each derivative instrument is remeasured to its fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the income statement. Derivatives with positive fair values (unrealised gains) are included in other assets and derivatives with negative fair values (unrealised losses) are included in other liabilities in the statement of assets and liabilities.

4.4 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive, obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.5 Collaterals

Cash collaterals provided by the Fund are identified in the statement of assets and liabilities as margin and are not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. For collaterals other than cash, if the party to whom the collaterals are provided has a right by contract or custom to sell or re-pledge the collaterals, the Fund classifies such collaterals in the statement of assets and liabilities separately from other assets and identifies the assets as pledged collaterals. Where the party to whom the collaterals are provided does not have the right to sell or re-pledge, a disclosure of the collaterals provided is made in the notes to the financial statements

4.6 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by accumulated losses and capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders (excluding distribution made by issuance of bonus units).

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) and section 113C (Alternative Corporate Tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Fund has not recognised any amount in respect of deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years by distributing in cash at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by accumulated losses and capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, to its unit holders.

4.7 Distributions to unit holders

Dividend distributions and appropriations are recorded in the period in which these are approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP's) guidelines (duly consented upon by the SECP), distribution for the year is deemed to comprise of the portion of amount of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Distributions declared subsequent to the year-end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the period in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

The distribution per unit is announced based on units that were held for the entire period. The rate of distribution is adjusted for the effect of refund of capital, if any, based on the period of investment made during the year. Resultantly, the rate of distribution per unit may vary depending on the year of investment.

4.8 Issuance and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, prevalent on the day on which the applications for purchase of units are received, however, units are issued on the receipt of cash / realisation of cheques. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as at the close of the business day plus the allowable front-end sales load and provision of any duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the Management Company / distributors.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable to units for which the Management Company receives redemption applications during the business hours of that day. The redemption price represents the net asset value per unit as at the close of the business day less any back-end load and an amount that the Management Company may consider to be an appropriate provision of duties and charges, if applicable. Redemption of units is recorded on acceptance of application for redemption.

4.9 Element of income / (loss) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

Element of income represents the difference between net asset value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net asset value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period. Element of income is a transaction of capital and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

4.10 Net asset value per unit

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units of the Fund in circulation at the year-end.

4.11 Revenue recognition

- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the income statement on the date at which the sale transaction takes place.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on re-measurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.
- Mark-up / return on investments in government securities is recognised using effective interest method.
- Income on bank balances and placements is recognised on time proportionate basis.

4.12 Expenses

All expenses including Management fee, Trustee fee and SECP fee are recognised in the income statement on accrual basis.

4.13 Preliminary expenses and floatation cost

Preliminary expenses and floatation costs represent expenditure incurred prior to the commencement of the operations of the Fund. These costs are being amortised over a period of 5 years in accordance with the requirements set out in the Trust Deed of the Fund.

5. BANK BALANCES	Note	June 30, 2026 - Rupees in '000 -
Balances with banks in:		
Savings accounts	5.1	**11,605,933**

5.1 Mark-up rates on these savings accounts range from 9.00% to 13.05% per annum. These include an amount held by a related party, United Bank Limited, amounting to Rs. 6,090.29 million on which return is earned at 11.38% per annum.

6. PLACEMENTS AND TERM DEPOSIT RECEIPTS	Note	June 30, 2026 - Rupees in '000 -
Letter of placements	6.1	-
Term deposit receipts	6.2	-
		-

6.1 **Letter of placements**

Name of the investee company	Maturity date	As at September 05, 2025	Purchased during the period	Matured during the period	As at June 30, 2026	Carrying value as a percentage of net assets of the Fund
			----------Rupees in '000----------			
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	October 31, 2025	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	November 7, 2025	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	November 7, 2025	-	2,300,000	2,300,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	November 7, 2025	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	November 19, 2025	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	November 20, 2025	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	November 20, 2025	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	November 21, 2025	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	November 21, 2025	-	1,300,000	1,300,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	November 28, 2025	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	November 28, 2025	-	1,250,000	1,250,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	December 3, 2025	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	December 5, 2025	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	December 12, 2025	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	December 19, 2025	-	4,300,000	4,300,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	December 19, 2025	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	December 26, 2025	-	4,500,000	4,500,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	December 26, 2025	-	4,500,000	4,500,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	January 16, 2026	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	January 16, 2026	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	January 30, 2026	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	January 30, 2026	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	January 30, 2026	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	February 6, 2026	-	4,200,000	4,200,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	February 27, 2026	-	4,800,000	4,800,000	-	-
Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company	March 6, 2026	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	March 13, 2026	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	March 13, 2026	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	March 27, 2026	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	March 27, 2026	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	April 2, 2026	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	April 10, 2026	-	5,500,000	5,500,000	-	-
Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited	April 17, 2026	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	May 8, 2026	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	May 22, 2026	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	June 16, 2026	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	June 19, 2026	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
As at June 30, 2026					-	-

6.2 **Term deposit receipts**

Name of the investee company	Maturity date	As at September 05, 2025	Purchased during the period	Matured during the period	As at June 30, 2026	Carrying value as a percentage of net assets of the Fund
			----------Rupees in '000----------			
United Bank Limited (related party)	January 8, 2026	-	2,300,000	2,300,000	-	-
National Bank of Pakistan	January 16, 2026	-	3,600,000	3,600,000	-	-
Samba Bank Limited	February 13, 2026	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-
Samba Bank Limited	February 23, 2026	-	4,500,000	4,500,000	-	-
Samba Bank Limited	February 27, 2026	-	4,800,000	4,800,000	-	-
Samba Bank Limited	April 21, 2026	-	5,500,000	5,500,000	-	-
As at June 30, 2026					-	-

7. **INVESTMENTS**	Note	2026 Rupees in '000
At fair value through profit or loss		
Government securities		
- Market Treasury Bills	7.1	-
- Pakistan Investment Bonds	7.2	-
		-

7.1 **Government securities - Market Treasury Bills**

Issue date	Tenure	Face value				Carrying value as at June 30, 2026	Market value as at June 30, 2026	Unrealised gain / (loss) as at June 30, 2026	Market value as a percentage of	
		As at September 05, 2025	Purchased during the period	Sold / matured during the period	As at June 30, 2026				Total investments of the Fund	Net assets of the Fund
		---------- Rupees in '000 ----------							---------- % ----------	
November 28, 2024	12 months	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
April 17, 2025	12 months	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
November 13, 2025	1 month	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
November 27, 2025	1 month	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
December 11, 2025	3 months	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
December 26, 2025	1 month	-	4,430,000	4,430,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
December 26, 2025	3 months	-	2,661,000	2,661,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
January 8, 2026	1 month	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
January 8, 2026	3 months	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
January 8, 2026	6 months	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
January 22, 2026	1 month	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
March 5, 2026	1 month	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
March 17, 2026	1 month	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
May 21, 2026	1 month	-	75,257,000	75,257,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
June 11, 2026	3 months	-	12,577,000	12,577,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
June 11, 2026	6 months	-	24,000,000	24,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at June 30, 2026						-	-	-	-	-

7.2 **Government securities - Pakistan Investment Bonds**
At fair value through profit or loss

Issue date	Tenure	Face value				Carrying value as at June 30, 2026	Market value as at June 30, 2026	Unrealized gain / (loss) as at June 30, 2026	Market value as a percentage of	
		As at September 05, 2025	Purchased during the period	Sold / matured during the period	As at June 30, 2026				Total investments of the Fund	Net assets of the Fund
		---------- Rupees in '000 ----------							---------- % ----------	
Fixed Rate										
May 6, 2021	05 Years	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
July 4, 2023	03 Years	-	13,225,000	13,225,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at June 30, 2026						-	-	-	-	-

	Note	June 30, 2026 -- Rupees in '000 --
8. MARK-UP RECEIVABLE		
Markup accrued on:		
Savings accounts	8.1	**14,130**

8.1 This includes an amount of Rs. 6.65 million due from United Bank Limited (a related party).

	Note	June 30, 2026 -- Rupees in '000 --
9. PREPAYMENTS		
Prepaid rating fees		**74**

10. PRELIMINARY EXPENSES AND FLOATATION COSTS		
Preliminary expenses and floatation costs incurred	10.1	**501**
Amortised during the period		**(82)**
Balance as at period end		**419**

10.1 Preliminary expenses and floatation costs represents expenditure incurred prior to the commencement of operations of the Fund. These costs are being amortised over a period of five years in accordance with the requirements set out in the Trust Deed of the Fund and the NBFC Regulations.

	Note	June 30, 2026 -- Rupees in '000 --
11. PAYABLE TO UBL FUND MANAGERS LIMITED - MANAGEMENT COMPANY		
Remuneration payable to the Management Company	11.1	**15,603**
Sindh Sales Tax payable on remuneration of the Management Company	11.2	**2,341**
		17,944

11.1 As per Regulation 61 of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company is entitled to a remuneration equal to an amount not exceeding the maximum rate of management fee as disclosed in the offering document subject to the maximum rate as prescribed by SECP vide S.R.O. 600(I)/2025 dated April 10, 2025, i.e., 1.25% for the scheme categorised as money market scheme. The remuneration is payable to the Management Company monthly in arrears. During the period, the Management Company has charged remuneration at the rate of 0.114% - 0.526% per annum of daily net assets of the Fund.

11.2 The Provincial Government of Sindh has levied Sindh Sales Tax at the rate of 15% on the remuneration of the Management Company through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.

12. PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE

The Trustee is entitled to monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed. The Fee has been charged at the rate of 0.055% per annum of daily average net assets of the Fund during the year. The remuneration is payable on monthly basis in arrears. The Provincial Government of Sindh has levied Sindh Sales Tax at the rate of 15% on the remuneration of the Trustee through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.

13. PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

In accordance with the NBFC Regulations, a collective investment scheme classified as open end scheme and categorised as money market scheme, is required to pay to the SECP an amount equal to 0.075% of the average annual net assets of the Fund as annual fee. The fee is payable on monthly basis in arrears.

	June 30, 2026 -- Rupees in '000 --
14. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	
Withholding tax payable on redemption of units	**213,320**
Legal and professional charges payable	**208**
Auditor's remuneration payable	**427**
Other payables	**88**
	214,043

15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2026.

	For the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026
16. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	
Total units outstanding at the beginning of the period	**-**
Units issued during the period	**2,369,673,465**
Units redeemed during the period	**(2,255,900,555)**
Total units in issue at the end of the period	**113,772,910**

17. FINANCIAL INCOME

Mark-up / interest income on :

- Bank balances	**3,055,564**
- Government securities	**808,346**
	3,863,910

18. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Annual audit fee	**350**
Fee for the review of half yearly financial statements	**150**
Fee for other certifications / services	**-**
Out of pocket expenses and Sindh Sales Tax	**105**
	605

19. TAXATION

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of the accounting income for the year as reduced by accumulated losses and capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders as cash dividend. Further, as per Regulation 63 of the NBFC Regulations, the Fund is required to distribute not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year derived from sources other than capital gains as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable thereon to the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. During the period ended June 30, 2026, the Fund has distributed by way of cash dividend at minimum ninety percent of accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, to the unit holders. Accordingly, no provision for taxation has been recognised in these financial statements.

20. EARNINGS PER UNIT

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed in these financial statements as in the opinion of management, determination of the cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

21. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

The total expense ratio of the Fund is 0.55% which includes 0.13% representing Government Levy, SECP fee, and the sales tax.

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	June 30, 2026		
	At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total
	Rupees in '000		
Financial assets			
Bank balances	11,605,933	-	11,605,933
Mark-up receivable	14,130	-	14,130
Receivable against units issued	1,285	-	1,285
	11,621,348	-	11,621,348
Financial liabilities			
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	17,944	-	17,944
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	2,313	-	2,313
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	723	-	723
	20,980	-	20,980

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management program seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risks to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

Monitoring and controlling risks are primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the internal controls set on different activities of the Fund by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. These controls and limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of risk that the Fund is willing to accept. In addition, the Fund monitors and measures the overall risk bearing capacity in relation to the aggregate risk exposure across all risk type and activities.

The Fund primarily invests in a portfolio of money market securities and government securities. The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, i.e., market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

23.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee and the regulations laid down by the SECP.

Market risk comprises three types of risks; currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

23.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

The Fund has no exposure to currency risk, as there are no financial assets or financial liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at June 30, 2026.

23.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2026, the Fund is exposed to such risk on bank balances with savings accounts. The Investment Committee of the Fund reviews the portfolio of the Fund on a regular basis to ensure that the risk is managed within the acceptable limits.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Fund's variable interest rate risk arises from bank balances in savings accounts. The net income for the year would have increased / decreased by Rs. 113.30 million, had the interest rates on savings accounts with banks and decreased by 100 basis points, with all other variables held constant.

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2026, the Fund does not hold any fixed rate instrument that may expose the fund to fair value interest rate risk.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date, and for off-balance sheet instruments, it is based on the settlement date, which is as follows;

	June 30, 2026					
			Exposed to yield / interest rate risk			
	Effective yield / interest rate	Total	Up to three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest rate risk
	%	Rupees in '000				
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets						
Bank balances	9.00 to 13.05	11,605,933	11,605,933	-	-	-
Mark-up receivable		14,130	-	-	-	14,130
Receivable against units issued		1,285	-	-	-	1,285
		11,621,348	11,605,933	-	-	15,415
Financial liabilities						
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company		17,944	-	-	-	17,944
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		2,313	-	-	-	2,313
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		723	-	-	-	723
		20,980	-	-	-	20,980
On-balance sheet gap (a)		11,600,368	11,605,933	-	-	(5,565)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a) + (b)			11,605,933	-	-	
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap			11,605,933	11,605,933	11,605,933	

23.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As at June 30, 2026, the Fund does not hold any security which exposes the Fund to other price risk.

23.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss if the counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund's credit risk mainly arises from bank balances and mark-up receivable.

The Fund keeps deposits and performs transactions with reputed financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. The risk of default in these transactions is considered minimal due to inherent systematic measures taken therein. The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee, Fund's Trust Deed, the requirements of the NBFC Rules and the NBFC Regulations, and the guidelines / directives given by the SECP from time to time.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before considering any related collateral as at June 30, 2026 is the carrying amount of financial assets. None of these financial assets are 'impaired' nor 'past due but not impaired'. Investment in government securities (if any) are not exposed to credit risk as they are guaranteed by the Government of Pakistan.

The analysis below summarises the credit quality of the Fund's financial assets as at June 30, 2026:

Name of Financial Institution	Balances held by the Fund as at June 30, 2026	Latest available published ratings at June 30, 2026	Rating agency
	Rupees in '000		
Bank balances and mark-up receivable thereon			
Habib Bank Limited	5,522,829	AAA	VIS
United Bank Limited	6,096,943	AAA	VIS
Bank Alfalah Limited	291	AAA	PACRA
	11,620,063		

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Fund's transactions are entered into with credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

23.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset or such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Fund.

The Fund is mainly exposed to the daily cash redemption requests on a regular basis. Units are redeemable at the holders' option based on the Fund's net asset value per unit, at the time of redemption, calculated in accordance with the Fund's constitutive document and guidelines laid down by the SECP.

The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. The Fund's policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that can be readily realised.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the option to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. Further, the Fund also has the ability to suspend redemptions of units with the approval of the Board of Directors of the Management Company in extraordinary circumstances.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

June 30, 2026	Total	Upto three months	Over three months and upto one year	Over one year
	---------- Rupees in '000 ----------			
Financial liabilities				
Payable to UBL Fund Managers Limited - Management Company	17,944	17,944	-	-
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	2,313	2,313	-	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	723	723	-	-
Total Liabilities	20,980	20,980	-	-
Net assets attributable to redeemable units	11,384,799	11,384,799	-	-

24. UNITS HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unit holders' fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unit holders / redeemable units. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily issuance and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. The unit holders of the Fund are entitled to distributions and to payment of a proportionate share, based on the Fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in unit holders' fund.

The Fund's objective when managing unit holders' fund is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for the benefits of the unit holders to maintain a strong base of assets to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund and to meet unexpected losses or opportunities. As required under the NBFC Regulations, every open end scheme shall maintain minimum fund size (i.e, net assets of the Fund) of Rs. 100 million at all times during the life of scheme. In order to comply with the requirement and to maintain or adjust the unit holders' fund, the Fund's policy is to perform the following:

- Monitor the level of daily issuance and redemptions relative to the liquid assets and adjust the amount of distributions that the Fund pays to the unit holders;
- Redeem and issue units in accordance with the constitutive documents of the Fund. This includes the Fund's ability to restrict redemptions; and
- The Fund Manager / Investment Committee members and the Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company critically track the movement of 'Assets under Management'. The Board of Directors of the Management Company is updated regarding key performance indicators, e.g., yield and movement of NAV and total fund size at the end of each quarter.

The Fund has maintained and complied with the requirements of minimum fund size during the current period.

25. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between the market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying value and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e, as prices) or indirectly (i.e, derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Fair value measurements using inputs for assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (i.e, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost is considered not significantly different from the carrying value as the items are short-term in nature.

As at June 30, 2026, the Fund does not hold any financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

26. BRIEF PARTICULARS OF THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND THE FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the investment committee of the Fund are as follow:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
1	Asif Ali Qureshi	Chief Executive Officer	MBA, CFA	30
2	Mubeen Ashraf	Head of Compliance	FCA	25
3	Muhammad Imran	Chief Investment Officer	MBA	20
4	Syed Sheeraz Ali	Head of Fixed Income Funds	BS, CFA Level I	17
5	Mohammad Waseem*	Head of Equities Funds	BBA, CFA	11
6	Karim Punjani**	Head of Equities Funds	MBA, ACCA	10
7	Irfan Nepal	Fund Manager - Equities Funds	EMBA, MA	33
8	Saad Imran	Fund Manager - Equities Funds	B.Com, BBA and CFA Level I	4
9	Ghufran Ahmed	Fund Manager - Fixed Income Funds	M.A	21

* Mohammad Waseem resigned on July 04, 2025.
** Karim Punjani resigned on April 08, 2026.

26.1 Syed Sheeraz Ali is the Fund Manager of the Fund. Syed Sheeraz Ali is also the Fund Manager of Al Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Cash Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Fixed Return Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Income Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Punjab Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Retirement Saving Fund - Debt Sub Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Retirement Saving Fund - Money Market Sub Fund, Al Ameen Islamic Sovereign Fund, Al Ameen Voluntary Pension Fund KPK - Money Market Sub Fund, UBL Asset Allocation Fund, UBL Cash Fund, UBL Fixed Return Fund, UBL Fixed Return Fund-II, UBL Fixed Return Fund-III, UBL Fixed Return Fund-IV, UBL Government Securities Fund, UBL Growth And Income Fund, UBL Income Opportunity Fund, UBL Liquidity Fund, UBL Liquidity Plus Fund, UBL Money Market Fund, UBL Punjab Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund, UBL Retirement Saving Fund - Debt Sub Fund, UBL Retirement Saving Fund - Money Market Sub Fund, UBL Special Savings Fund, UBL Special Savings Fund-II, and UBL Voluntary Pension Fund KPK - Money Market Sub Fund.

27. LIST OF TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF THE COMMISSION PAID

		For the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026 (Percentage)
1	Currency Market Association (Private) Limited	17.62
2	Bright Capital (Private) Limited	14.63
3	Arif Habib Limited	13.90
4	Paramount Capital (Private) Limited	12.47
5	Invest One Markets Limited	8.14
6	Icon Securities (Private) Limited	6.41
7	Continental Exchange (Private) Limited	6.39
8	Ktrade Securities	5.75
9	Summit Capital (Private) Limited	4.09
10	Sherman Securities (Private) Limited	4.07

28. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

Category	Number of units holders	Number of units held	Unit holding or investment amount	Percentage of total
			Rupees in '000	
June 30, 2026				
Individuals	568	22,977,004	2,299,216	20.20%
Retirement funds	21	6,764,056	676,852	5.95%
Associated company and key executives	2	4,095	410	0.00%
Public limited companies	36	66,592,942	6,663,689	58.53%
NBFC	1	11,390,992	1,139,851	10.01%
Other	1,029	6,043,821	604,781	5.31%
	1,657	113,772,910	11,384,799	100%

29. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / RELATED PARTIES

Connected persons / related parties include United Bank Limited being the holding company of the Management Company, UBL Fund Managers Limited being the Management Company, other collective investment schemes being managed by the Management Company, Al-Ameen Islamic Financial Services (Private) Limited being subsidiary of the Management Company, entities under common management or directorships, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited being the Trustee, directors and their close family members and key management personnel of the Management Company and any person or company beneficially owning directly or indirectly 10% or more of the net assets of the Fund.

Transactions with the connected persons are carried out at agreed / contracted rates.

Remuneration of the Management Company is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Regulations and the Trust deed.

Remuneration to the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

29.1 Details of the transactions with connected persons and balances with them, if not disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

Particulars	Management Company	Associated companies and others *	Trustee	Funds under common management	Directors and key executives **	Other connected persons / related parties ***
	For the period from September 05, 2025 to June 30, 2026					
	Units in '000					
Transactions during the period						
Units issued	68,284	23,883	-	-	3,547	49,384
Units redeemed	56,893	23,879	-	-	3,547	28,238
	Rupees in '000					
Value of units issued	7,205,503	2,498,261	-	-	376,537	4,993,123
Value of units redeemed	6,050,093	2,502,674	-	-	378,150	3,029,260
Purchase of securities	-	50,288,641	-	-	-	-
Sale of securities	-	48,320,354	-	-	-	-
Mark-up on savings account	-	3,046,481	-	-	-	-
Remuneration (including Sindh Sales Tax)	132,632	-	22,756	-	-	-
Dividend paid	90,242	32	-	-	-	-
	As at June 30, 2026					
Balance Held						
	Units in '000					
Units held	11,391	4	-	-	-	21,146
	Rupees in '000					
Value of units held	1,139,852	400	-	-	-	2,115,995
Remuneration payable (including Sindh Sales Tax)	17,944		2,313	-	-	-
Bank balances	-	6,090,293	-	-	-	-
Mark-up receivable	-	6,650	-	-	-	-
Term deposit receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-

* This represents parent (including the related subsidiaries of the parent) of the Management Company, associated companies / undertakings of the Management Company.

** These include transactions and balances in relation to those directors and key executives (including their close family members) that existed as at period end. However, it does not include the transactions and balances whereby director and key executives have resigned from the Management Company during the period.

*** These include transactions and balances in relation to the entities where common directorship exists as at period end. However, it does not include the transactions and balances whereby common directorship changed during the period.

30. ATTENDANCE AT THE MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

During the period, five meetings of the Board of Directors of the Management Company were held. The details of the attendance are as under:

	No. 156	No. 157	No. 158	No. 159	No. 160	Total meetings attended
	August 22, 2025	October 20, 2025	January 14, 2026	February 18, 2026	April 17, 2026	
Directors:						
Mr. Imran Sarwar	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Mr. Alee Khalid Ghaznavi	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Mr. Muhammad Rizwan Malik*	×	✓	✓	×	×	2
Mr. Rashid Ahmed Jafer	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Ms. Huma Pasha	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Mr. Asif Ali Qureshi	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Mr. Farrukh Karim Khan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Key Executives:						
Mr. Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Mr. Ashar Siddiqui	✓	×	×	×	×	1
Mr. Mubeen Ashraf	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5
Mr. Zeeshan Quddus	✓	×	✓	×	×	2

* Mr. Muhammad Rizwan Malik resigned on June 29, 2026.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Fund's risk management policies.

31. GENERAL

31.1 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in their meeting held on August 20, 2026

For UBL Fund Managers Limited
(Management Company)

SD	SD	SD
Asif Ali Qureshi	Muhammad Zuhair Abbas	Rashid Ahmed Jafer
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director